BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIII--NO. 63. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR.

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

jan15-1yr

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e21-tf-dw

ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS.

C. STROUSS & CO.

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Wholesale Dry Goods, Importers and Commission Merchants.

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Notions,
Mens' Furnishing Goods and Clothing,
Hats, Blankets, Etc., Etc., Etc.

fy13

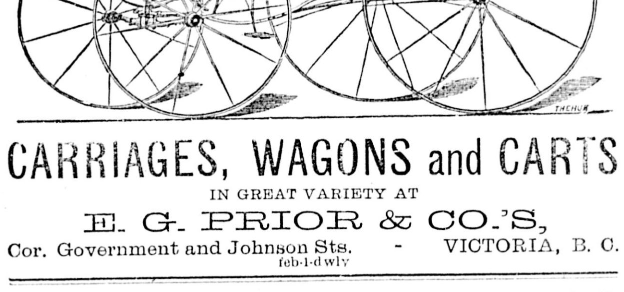
EMBROIDERIES.

JUST RECEIVED.
CAMBRIC EMBROIDERY,
SWISS EMBROIDERY,
ALPINE EMBROIDERY,
And Insertions in endless variety of widths and prices.

Full assortment of Damask Muslins, Linen Lawns, Jaconet Muslins, Lonsdale Cambrics, Plain and Twilled White Cottons.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

THE WHITE HOUSE.



CARRIAGES, WAGONS and CARTS

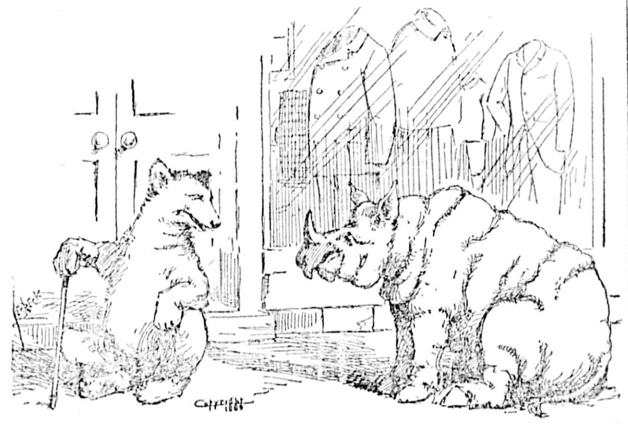
IN GREAT VARIETY AT

E. G. PRIOR & CO.'S,

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. - VICTORIA, B. C.

feb-1-dwly

GILMORE & McCANDLESS



OUR FABLE.

Said the Grizzly Bear: "Why, what brings you down here?" And the Rhinocerous answering, says: "The reason why is clear, for everybody is talking about this store, and the clothes they sell—how cheap they are—how snug they fit—and more; and so, as you see, my suit is not a perfect fit, I came here to get another from GILMORE & McCANDLESS, where they can fit everybody."

Quite true, quite true," the Grizzly said, "and I'm very glad you'll have a suit just suited to your size."

Genuine English Serge Suits, very dressy, to order, $25.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
Telephone Call 563. 35 Johnson Street.

THE POODLE DOG

The only FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT IN VICTORIA, B. C. mar27

WANTS.

WANTED—Good female cook. Apply at 4 Belleville street. fy22

WANTED—A young girl to assist in housework. Apply 83 View St. f22

WANTED—An intelligent lad in a real estate office with opportunity to learn the business. Application to be made by letter in his own hand writing stating age, qualification and salary expected. Address "X. Y.," COLONIST office. fy20tf

WANTED—A good general servant in small family. Apply 3 St. Lawrence street. fy19

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework in a family. To a suitable person good wages will be paid. None other need apply, at 41 View St. fy19

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 75 Johnson street. fy18

A CERTIFICATED ENGLISH GOVERNESS wishes to give lessons in English, French, music or painting. Address Miss Webb, 16 Labouchere St. fy16-6t

WANTED—A nursemaid, not under 16, willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 87 Fort St. fy15

WANTED—To Rent, about 15th March, seven-roomed house. Address stating price and situation, "W. H.," COLONIST office. fy13

WANTED — A comfortably furnished house with eight or nine rooms and bath room. Apply by letter, stating terms, to A. M., Box 266, Victoria. feb11

AMUSEMENTS.

Ye Olde Folks Concerte.

TEMPERANCE HALL, PANDORA ST.

—ON—

Tuesday Ev'g 25th Feb., 1890.

Brilliant costumes of 16th and 17th centuries, splendid singing. One of the finest violin players in the city secured for this entertainment. Choir under Mr. J. G. Brown's direction, many of our finest vocalists taking part, including Miss O'Neil, Miss Humber, Miss Howell, Messrs. Brown, Bishop, Grant, Kinnaird, Russell and others.

Admission 50c. Doors open at 7.30 p. m. f18

VICTORIA -:- THEATRE.

3-NIGHTS-3

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

February 24th, 25th and 26th.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

Of the youngest, handsomest, and most versatile and finished actress on the American stage,

MISS CAROLINE GAGE,

SUPPORTED BY

HARRY F. KEENE'S.

Powerful Company of Players.

Opening Monday evening in the beautiful society drama,

"THE GALLEY SLAVE,"

With a change of play each evening.

Secure seats for this special engagement early at Waitt & Co.'s book store. fy19

CONVERSAZIONE.

THE GENTLEMEN of the R. E. CHURCH will hold a Conversazione on

Tuesday Ev'g, February 25th

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

A most attractive and entertaining programme has been provided.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS. f21

QUEEN'S PLATE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

Victoria Jockey Club.

At the spring meeting of the Victoria Jockey Club to be held about May 24th, a purse of $500, and a piece of plate will be given for a race to be called "The Queen's Plate," open to all "maiden" horses, bred, raised and owned in the province; weight for age, V. J. C. rules.

NOTE.—A "maiden" horse is one that has never won a race in any country.

For further particulars enquire

D. E. CAMPBELL,
fy8 Secretary V. J. C., Victoria.

GRAND BALL.

The North and South Saanich Agricultural Society will give a grand ball in their hall on

Wednesday, 26th Feb'y, 1890.

Tickets $2.00, including Gentleman and Ladies. jy29

NOTICE.

Messrs. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, of Broad St., Victoria, have this day been appointed the agents of The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada, for Vancouver Island, and are the only persons entitled to receive premiums due to the said Company and transact their business on said Island.

Mr. E. A. Hart is no longer in the service of this Company.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., 21st February, 1890.

The Citizens Insurance Co. of Canada.
By their duly authorized agent.
fy22-1m H. ABBOTT.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon, Saturday, 22nd instant, for repairs to Mr. Ofner's building, Government street. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 19, 1890.

Vancouver Island Building Society.

THE 42ND DRAWING FOR AN APpropriation will take place in Harmony Hall, View street, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 8 p. m.

By order,
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 17, 1890. fy18

TWO WELL FURNISHED FRONT Rooms to let. Cars pass the door. 63 Superior street, James Bay, behind Government buildings. f16

LOST—RECEIPT BOOK AND APPLIcation forms of J. K. Gill & Co. and Chas. Stark & Co. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them at J. K. Gill & Co's office, Broad St., Green Block. f8-6t

LOST—In vicinity of Central School, a Black Spaniel Pup, five months old, name Neptune. Reward if returned to J. Colquhoun, Moss street. feb11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A BY-LAW

To enable the CORPORATION of the CITY of VICTORIA to raise the sum of $12,500 for CEMETERY purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of $12,500 for the purpose of improving, enlarging and beautifying Ross Bay Cemetery.

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said city the sum of $12,500.

And whereas it will require the sum of $887.75 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of said debt and interest as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas, as the amount of the whole rateable property of the said corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1889, was $8,918,903, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investments of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas, for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the said principal sum of $12,500 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual special rate of one one hundredth of one per cent. on the dollar.

And whereas, it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

1. That it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $12,500, and cause the same to be paid to the treasurer of the said Corporation for the purposes and with the objects hereinbefore recited.

2. That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to issue any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required for not less than $1,000 each, and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria and be signed by the Mayor.

3. That the said debentures shall be made payable in 30 years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. That the said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of 5 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable yearly at the office of the treasurer of the said Corporation.

5. That for the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 1-100 (one one-hundredth) of one per cent. on the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property in the said municipality during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them.

6. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest due thereon to the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so re-purchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7. This By-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1889, and shall take effect on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1890.

8. This by-law may be cited as the Cemetery Loan By-law, 1890.

Passed the Municipal Council this 19th day of February, A. D. 1890.

TAKE NOTICE, that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House for James' Bay Ward, on the 4th day of March next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Feb. 21st, 1890. fy-22

A BY-LAW

For raising the sum of $25,000 to improve and beautify the Public Pleasure Grounds.

WHEREAS, it is expedient that Beacon Hill Park and its approaches and the lands recently transferred to the City for an Esplanade, Parks, Gardens or Pleasure Grounds, should be further improved and beautified;

And whereas, the estimated cost of the said improvements and works is $25,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said City, as hereinafter mentioned;

And whereas, it will require the sum of $1,775.48 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereon;

And whereas, the amount of the whole rateable property of the said City according to the last Revised Assessment Roll, is $8,918,903;

AND WHEREAS, it will require an annual special rate of 1-50 of one cent in the dollar for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said intended debt, according to the Municipal Act, 1889;

AND WHEREAS, it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. That it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said City for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sum or sums of money as may be required either in currency or sterling money, not less than $1,000, or its sterling equivalent each; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in 30 years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect at the office of the said treasurer, City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 5 per centum per annum from the date thoreof, which interest shall be payable yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of 1-50 of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be assessed, raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the said city during the said term of 30 years, unless such debentures shall be sooner paid.

6. That it shall be lawful for the said municipal council, from time to time, to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest due thereon to the date of such purchase to the holder of holders thereof, and all debentures so re-purchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the "Municipal Act, 1889," and shall take effect on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1890.

This by-law may be cited as the "Pleasure Grounds Loan By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of Februaryy, A. D. 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Muncipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on the fourth day of March next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER.
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Feo. 21st, 1890. fy-22.

WANTED—Three good milkers at the Victoria Dairy. Geo. Meltae. fy23

YOUNG gentleman wishes lodging as roomer or boarder, within five minutes walk of town. State terms. 1890, COLONIST office. fy23

TENDERS.

TENDERS wanted for clearing about four acres on the Esquimalt Road. Apply, BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE. fy23

FOR SALE AT COST.

A new two story
DWELLIMG HOUSE
Containing ten rooms, all modern improvements, two acres land, adjoining Ashnola, on
THE-:-GORGE-:-ROAD,
Having a water frontage of 130 feet on the Victoria Arm.

Apply
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Or office of
fy23 L. BUTTRESS-TRIMMEN.

NOTICE.

A meeting of all persons who take an interest in the

PRESERVATION-o-OF-o-GAME

In this vicinity will be held at W. White & Co.'s saloon, King's Head, Johnson St., on

Tuesday Evening, February 25,

AT 7.30 O'CLOCK,

For the purpose of taking into consideration the proposed amendments to the present Game Law now before the House of Assembly, and for the purpose of forming a Gun Club. All interested are requested to attend. fy23

MR. E. B. HOUGHTON, formerly teacher of physical culture, Chatham High School, Chatham, Ont., and Detroit Board of Trade gymnasium, Detroit, Mich., and author of "Physical Culture," the authorized text book for Ontario and British Columbia, will very shortly form classes at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium for imparting his method of Indian club swinging entitled "Artistic Indian Club Swinging." As an exercise for ladies and girls artistic Indian club swinging, being the most intellectual, graceful and refined of all physical exercises, will be found especially beneficial. The lessons will embrace positions, circles and ellipses, combination and composition. The course will consist of sixteen lessons. Ladies, Mondays and Thursdays from 4 to 4.30 p.m., 4.30 to 5 p.m., and 5 to 5 30 p.m. Girls, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 4.30 p.m., 4.30 to 5 p.m., and 5 to 5.30 p.m. Gentlemen, Mondays and Thursdays from 8 to 8.30 p.m., 8.30 to 9 p.m., and 9 to 9.30 p.m. Boys, Tuesdays and Fridays from 4 to 4.30 p.m., 4.30 to 5 p.m., and 5 to 5.30 p.m. Terms, $5.00, in advance, for course of sixteen lessons. Apply at Young Men's Christian Association, Broad Street, corner Trounce Avenue. Classes commence March 3d. fy23

CARD OF THANKS.

MESSRS. M. W. WAITT & CO. DEsire to thank the following insurance agents for the quick adjustment and prompt payment of their claim for damage to their stock of musical goods at the late fire: Messrs Hall and Goepel, Lowenberg, Harris & Co., H. F. Heisterman & Co, Dalby & Ballentyne, and Allsop & Mason. Victoria, B. C., Feb. 22, 1890. f22-3t

CARD OF THANKS.

CAPT. RUDLIN WISHES TO THANK the members of the fire department for their energetic and efficient work at his residence on Thursday evening. Victoria, Feb. 21, 1890. f22-1t

G. BYRNES, - AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.
FURNITURE.

Tuesday, Feb. 25th, 11 a. m.

I have been instructed by Mrs. Fox to sell by auction at her residence,

133 FORT STREET,

all the furniture contained in a six-roomed house, consisting of Double and Single Bedroom suites, Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets, Toilet sets, Carpets, Curtains and Blinds, Vienna Chairs, Easy Chairs, Centre Tables, Wardrobe Lamps, Ornaments, Pictures, Oilcloth, Sofas, Rugs, Bookshelf, Mahogany Cabinet, Kellog's Family Medical Works, Bourne & Calvert's Practical Engineering, Cooking Stove and Pipes, Coal Scuttles, Tables, Chairs, Crockery, Tinware, Tablecloths, Washtubs, Garden Tools, CANARY BIRD AND CAGE, fine singer.

GEO. BYRNES,
jy22 Auctioneer.

The most reliable makers of Flatware in the world are Rogers Bros. Davidson Bros., Yates Street, have their goods for sale. *

CAPITAL NOTES.

Prince Arthur Will Leave India March 13th

For Penang, Singapore, Yokohama and Thence to Victoria.

The Bankers Delegation Arrive at an Agreement With the Government—Exports and Imports.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 22.—The bankers' delegation had a lengthy conference with the government this afternoon. It is understood now an agreement has been arrived at on all points of banking legislation, except the question of reserve for the proposed safety fund, to which all banks must contribute for the purpose of redeeming notes of insolvent banks, and which will be under the management of the government. Every Canadian bank must make arrangements in each province for its notes to be taken at par, so that British Columbia notes will be accepted at their face value in Nova Scotia and vice versa.

Prince Arthur sails from India on March 13th for Penang, Singapore and Yokohama, and thence to British Columbia. He will be the guest of Lord Stanley for some weeks.

The exports for the seven months show an increase of nine millions. The imports, an increase of six millions and a half, upon which duty was collected, an increase of four hundred thousand.

HUNTINGTON'S PLAN.

A Vast Coal Land Scheme Said to Be on Foot.

Outline of a Project of the Southern Pacific to Own Its Own Coal System—No Official News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Referring to a telegram from New York that stated it was rumored there that C. P. Huntington was negotiating with Henry Villard, president, of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company for the purchase of coal lands in Washington, the Chronicle will say to-morrow that the details of negotiations could not be learned at the Southern Pacific headquarters yesterday, but the truth of the report was confirmed by a prominent official there.

Negotiations for the purchase of immense tracts of the most valuable coal lands ever discovered in the Puget sound country have progressed favorably, and the trade will probably be consummated very soon. It is understood the scheme contemplates the investment by the Southern Pacific Company of an amount reaching into the millions.

Negotiations include not only purchase of large coal fields but building of a road connecting them with tide water at a point not yet announced. Whether this road will be built by the Southern Pacific or Northern Pacific is also one of the problems of the situation at present.

Another feature ot the scheme will be the establishment of a line of colliers between the terminus of the coal field and San Francisco.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

The Telegrams of a Day Condensed for Busy People's Reading.

Toledo, Ohio, had a $40,000 fire yesterday.

The strike situation at Nashau, N. H., is practically unchanged.

A jury has been impannelled at San Francisco to try Sarah Althea Terry for contempt of court.

Col. W. L. Hemingway, state treasurer of Missouri, is alleged to be $250,000 short in his accounts.

Two miners were killed by a fall of rock at slope No. 3, Lyon Mountain, Plattsburg, N.Y., yesterday.

The "World's Fair" bill occupied the attention of Congress yesterday. Chicago and St. Louis have a strong pull for the location.

The New York Travelers Exchange, recently organized by hotel proprietors for the convenience of commercial men, has been abandoned.

The coroner's jury on the Sawtelle murder case have not yet decided whether the crime was committed in New Hampshire or Maine.

A bill has been introduced in the U. S. Senate to provide a fine from $100 to $5,000 and imprisonment for the mailing of a letter to a lottery company.

Richard C. White, a Columbus, Ohio, policeman, shot his brother-in-law, Achilles Kelt, yesterday. He suspected Kelt of too great intimacy with his wife.

The cracking of a few light timbers while fifty workmen were raising the roof of the new Philadelphia Opera House yesterday, caused a panic. Five men were injured, but none killed.

Five young girls were allured into a Chicago den a few days ago by a bogus advertisement of "help wanted in a private hotel." The girls escaped, and the keepers of the dive were arrested.

A verdict for the defendant has been given in the case of Mrs. Keeler, of New York, against Mrs. Sett, in which $50,000 damages were asked on account of the alienation of the affections of plaintiff's husband.

Huntington and Villard are negotiating for the purchase of large tracks of coal land in the State of Washington. Part of their scheme will be the establishment of a line of steamers to develop the trade.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

FOOTBALL.

THE VANCOUVER-VICTORIA MATCH.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 22;—A large crowd witnessed the football match at Hastings to-day. A special train took people out. The ground was hard, owing to the frost, with the exception of a slime on top, which made it slippery. Victorians won the toss and decided to play with their backs to the sun, which shone brightly in the early part of the game. Malcolm, captain of the Vancouver team, kicked off the ball at 3:30 o'clock. It was closely followed by the forwards, who prevented it being returned by the Victoria backs. For about ten minutes the ball kept near the Victoria line, the Vancouver forwards, who were not quite as heavy as their Victoria opponents, having the advantage of the slippery ground. After that Victoria gained a little, and took the ball to the Vancouver half, when a splendid rush was made. The forwards, when near the line, managed to secure the ball and run with it, scoring the first try for Vancouver, which Woodward turned into a goal.

On the ball being kicked off between the flags it was taken to the Vancouver touch line and the Victorians forced their opponents to touch down in self-defence. Victoria then had the best of it for a few minutes, when a splendid rush was made by the Vancouver forwards, who took the ball down to the Victoria line, but the home team did'nt manage to score again until shortly before half time. Malcolm ran in and secured a second try for Vancouver, which Woodward with a high hick turned into a goal, giving Vancouver two goals to nothing.

After half time play recommenced, the ball being kicked off by Ward. The Victoria visitors at once showed they were not to be beaten as easily as expected from the result of the first porsion of the game. The ball was kept for some time within the Vancouvar half, until the visitors were given a free kick, when Ward, although he was near the centre of the ground, with a splendid place very nearly managed to secure a goal for Victoria. The attempt was followed by some very good playing by both sides, with varying success but without substantial results, till the ball was taken in behind the Vancouver goal just on the touch line by Ward, who was not successful in turning it into a goal. The rest of the game the home team pressed the visitors, and although one or two attempts were made, but warded off by the Victoria backs, time was called just as Nicholls made an attempt to get in.

CABLE NEWS.

The Duke of Orleans Pardoned.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—A Cabinet meeting to-day considered the case of the Duke of Orleans, recently convicted of violating the expulsion act, and sentenced to two years in prison. It was decided to remit the sentence and conduct him to the frontier to-day. The route which the Royal Prince will follow is kept a profound secret.

The German Elections.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The latest return from the elections for members of the Reichstag show that 27 Conservatives, 13 National-Liberals, sixty-six Ultramontanes, twelve Freissiniges, three Poles, one Independent, ten Alsatians and three Democrats htve been elected. One hundred and five re-ballots will be necessary.

To Support Smith's Motion.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Standard says that the utterance of the Unionist member of parliament, Mr. Caine, with regard to the Times and the government, will not be heeded by the Liberal Unionists. They will support W. H. Smith's motion with regard to the Parnell commission.

Fog Bound.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The steamer By, upon which the remains of the late Joseph Biggar, M. P., are being conveyed to Belfast for interment, is fog-bound, and the funeral will therefore be postponed until to-morrow.

Lord Tennyson's Illness.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Lord Tennyson, who is suffering from a severe attack of bronchitis, at Freshwater, Isle of Wight, is some better to-night.

Minister Lincoln's Son.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The condition of young Abraham Lincoln, son of Minister Lincoln, continues unfavorable. He is somewhat weaker to-night than he was this morning. A large number of persons have called or sent messages of sympathy or inquiry, among the latter being the Princess of Wales.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Dalton McCarthy's Threat.

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—Dalton McCarthy's threat to bring up his French bill again will doubtless be carried out when the Territories bill comes up for amendment, when the whole question will be again ventilated. The Nationalists who followed Sir Wilfred Laurier were disgusted this morning on ascertaining that they were led astray by Beousoleil and voted with McCarthy all the way through. They had merely intended to oppose Sir John Thompson's amendment on the first division and then accept it. Instead of that, they appear from the division lists to have voted in favor of the second reading of the bill.

A SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR:—It appears the city fathers talk of another by-law for the park. Now I would suggest that they should build a pier for the benefit of those to whom sea air would be a boon indeed. Fancy the delightful place for mothers and young families in the summer afternoons and evenings! Somewhere near Beacon Hill would be just the place, especially as Ross Bay has been spoilt for us and our children. I am sure a by-law for a pier at Beacon Hill would be gladly passed by all Victorians. MARTERFAMILIAS.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Reformed Episcopal Church.—Worship as usual on Sundays, conducted by the pastors, Right Rev. Bishop Cridge and Rev. Dr. Reid. During Lent, special discourses will (D. V.) be given, viz.: "The Last Times," at the morning services, and in the evening services, "Lessons from the Life of Our Lord." On Friday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Subjects: "The Penitent's Soul's Aspirations." On Wednesday mornings, at 11 o'clock in the school-room, Bible readings on "The Saviour's Words to the Seven Churches of Asia."

MARINE.

Schooner Triumph leaves for the sealing grounds this morning.

Steamer City of Puebla leaves for the south this morning.

Steamer Princess Louise leaves for the north this evening.

Bark Glenbevie, from London for Victoria, was spoken Dec. 3 in lat. 34, s. lon. 45 w.

PERSONAL.

St. C. Blackett was a passenger from Vancouver last night.

David Stark and F. T. Hubbell, of San Francisco, are at the Clarence.

C. E. Mallette, of Bourchier, Croft & Mallette returned from Washington last evening.

A Life Record.

"I HAD been troubled for about 35 years with biliousness and liver complaint, and after using about three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I feel entirely relieved, and have not had an attack for two years." JOSIAH GAMEY, Maxwell, Ont.

Trust an Old Friend.

Old friends are best, and if ever sufferers had a friend, Hagyard's Yellow Oil can justly claim the distinction. Pain never stays long where it is used, while for croup it is a specific. Parents should keep it in the house as a safeguard against accidents, frost bites, chilblains, sprains, bruises, burns, etc.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or E. C. Kellogg's cor. Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. *ap20-1y

AMERICAN NEWS.

Sudden Death of Millionaire John Jacob Astor.

Chicago Stock Yards Purchased by an English Syndicate.

A Series of Disastrous Boiler Explosions Attended With Loss of Life—Washington's Birthday Celebrated.

John Jacob Astor Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—John Jacob Astor died suddenly this morning of heart disease. He was 67 years of age. He had control of two hundred million dollars, and while being a whole-souled man he spent his money sparsely. He was a soldier in the late civil war, with the rank of colonel, on the Union side.

Chicago Stock Yards Sold.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—A morning paper says the Union Stock Yards of Chicago, the largest in the world, will soon be sold to an English syndicate. The price of this enormous plant is $30,000,000. Last Saturday Walker Potter, of Boston, of the firm of Potter, Lovett & Co., sailed for Europe, carrying the authority of the stock yards company to close the sale. The terms of the contract are said to be as follows: 1st, a cash payment of $15,000,000; 2nd, bonds in the new company for $10,000,000; 3rd, the issue of preferred stock to the plesent stockholders in the sum of $5,000,000.

Disastrous Boiler Explosion.

CAINSVILLE, Va., Feb. 22.—A disastrous boiler explosion occurred in Hunter Bros. & Company's mill, two miles from this place, at 6 o'clock this morning. Five persons were killed outright and six others badly injured. Portions of the machinery of the mill were blown to a height of one hundred feet in the air and carried over the postal telegraph lines, 150 yards from the mill. The victims, all colored, were employed about the mill. Firing up without sufficient water in the boiler caused the explosion. The mill property is a total wreck, and there was no insurance.

The National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The departments and banks were closed, but there was no especial observance of the day beyond parades on the avenue by the Old Guards and the National Rifles and by the Light Infantry Corps. The oldest inhabitants, according to custom, held a public meeting at noon and listened to the reading of Washington's farewell address.

Shocking Boiler Explosion.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 22.—This morning an explosion occurred at Armour Cudahy's packing house at South Omaha, which resulted in the instant death of at least one man and the subsequent death of another, and which may be followed by the death of many others. The explosion occurred in the boiler room of the old packing house, where is located a battery of nine boilers, two of which are reserves. The outside boiler of this battery burst, tearing great holes in the walls of the machinery department adjoining. The noise of the explosion soon attracted a great army of packing house employes to the scene, where, beneath the ruins, perhaps twenty-five men lay wounded. An alarm of fire was promptly sounded and the fire department soon arrived on the scene, joining forces with the Armour Cudahy fire department, and the two quelled the flames. A crowd of 100 men went to work on the debris, hurriedly working to relieve the sufferers, and in a short time had the dead and injured removed and taken to St. Joseph's Hospital. The cause of the explosion is yet to be determined, but it is probable that the wall of the boiler room caused the explosion by falling on the boiler. The loss will reach many thousands of dollars.

Washington's Birth Day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The 158th anniversary of Washington's birthday was generally celebrated throughout the country to-day. In New York city the Southern Society have a banquet to-night. Among the guests was Grover Cleveland, who was introduced in a highly complimentary speech by John C. Calhoun, and responded to the toast "The birthday of George Washington." In Chicago the Union League Club celebrated the day at the Auditorium. The patriotic order of Sons of America celebrated the day by an entertainment at Chickering Hall this afternoon.

Three Young Ladies Disappear.

OSHKOSH, Wis., Feb. 22.—A great sensation has been caused among the teachers and pupils of the State Normal School, in this city, by the mysterious disappearance of three young lady students of that institution. On Sunday last they started for church. Just before the church was reached they informed a companion, who had joined them, that they had decided not to attend the services. The three ladies then walked away, and have not been seen or heard of since. They all bear excellent reputations, and many are of the opinion that they have been abducted.

Dynamite's Work.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Feb. 22. — At Adamsburg to-day, Wm. Stewart was instantly killed, and his wife and two children seriously injured, and William Croak and William Stemetz perhaps fataly injured. Stewart placed a frozen stick of dynamite in the kitchen stove oven to thaw it out. A terrific explosion occurred, blowing the kitchen to pieces and scattering the fragments of the shattered stove in all directions with the above result.

Another Bad Boiler Explosion.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Last night at midnight in one of the large Government distilleries of J. B. Lanera, at Salisbury, a boiler exploded with frightful results. Two men were killed and two others fatally injured, and several others were seriously injured. The distillery building was blown to pieces, and the explosion shook the earth for miles around like an earthquake.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

LORD SALISBURY'S HEALTH.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—It is conceded on all sides that the chances of a reconstruction of the cabinet and the consequent dissolution of parliament have increased by the continued illness of Lord Salisbury. The question is frequently and anxiously asked in Conservative quarters: "Who would take the place of the present minister in case his health compelled him to resign." As the Conservative party is at present constituted, Lord Salisbury is indispensible. He is a head taller in his political reputation than any of his colleagues, and he is really the only one of the Conservative leaders whom at the present time it is possible to think of as prime minister. The statesman who comes next him in experience and prestige, Mr. Goschen, will never be frankly accepted by the Conservatives as their leader, and although Balfour has been talked of as leader in the House of Commons, no one has seriously thought of him filling the premiership. But the difficulty of selecting a prime minister would be a trifle compared with that of choosing a qualified foreign secretary versed in the ways of diplomacy and at the same time having such weight as to impress the minds of foreign statesmen. There is not a single member of the government at the present time who is fitted by his antecedents and general capacity to occupy the foreign office should it become vacant. The discussion this evening seems to be wholly as to whether Lord Salisbury's health is failing. There are rumors on one side which, if true, would bring about Lord Salisbury's resignation before Easter. Denials of a general character only are heard on the other side. The real fact is believed to be that Lord Salisbury's attack of influenza was more severe than was admitted at the time, and now he is being surrounded by precautions due less to his actual state of health than to the very natural concern regarding him in his own home.

A NEW OPERATIC SINGER.

Miss Lucile Hill, an American by birth, made her debut at the Crystal Palace this evening before a very critical audience, and was well received. She was born in New Jersey. She has studied for the most part in Paris, under Faure, the great baritone. Miss Hill is a protege of Mrs. Mackay, and a friend of Edward and Jean Dereszke. With one exception, the performance at Covent Garden promenade concerts last year, and one at the recent concert of Sir Charles Hallock, her London appearances have been confined to private entertainments. She recently sang before the Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duchess of Fife. A few days ago she was heard at the Reading orphens' concert. It is stated that she will appear in opera at Covent Garden this season.

ALASKAN FISHERIES.

Opening of Bids for the New Lease.

The Old Company's Offer Includes the Present Buildings, Schools, Churches, Wharves and Villages.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—Bids were offered at the treasury department at noon to-day for the exclusive right to take fur seals upon the islands of St. Paul and St. George, Alaska, for a term of twenty years from May 1, 1890. They were opened publicly in the presence of Secretary Windom by the committee appointed for the purpose. Windom announced that no argument would be heard, but gentlemen desiring might file written briefs between now and 2 o'clock Monday.

There were twelve bids, but two were thrown out because they did not contain a certified check for $100,000 as required.

The American Fishing and Trading Company, of San Francisco, by Charles D. Ladd, president, offers to pay to the United States $305,000 per annum, $4.12 cents for each skin and 25 cents for each gallon of seal oil.

The Pacific Steam Whaling Company, California, by J. N. Knowles, president, offered to pay an annual rental of $50,000; $7.01 for each seal.

The Alaska Commercial Company offered to pay $50,000 rental; $6.75 for each seal; also to provide 100 comfortable dwellings for inhabitants of the island, and make ample provision for their maintenance and support; also to establish a regular mail service from San Francisco to Alaska without cost to the government; also to provide schools, churches and hospital for the inhabitants, provide wharf facilities at Ounalaska, and distribute supplies gratuitously to various points in Alaska; also, in the event that any other responsible party shall offer in good faith a greater amount for said privilege, to pay the United States the full amount offered by such party. They say their offer contemplates an annual revenue to the United States of $875,000.

Bids were also made by the North American Trading Company of West Virginia, at an estimated annual revenue to the government of $445,000; by E. W. Clark, of Washington, D. C., to give a bonus of $221,000, a rental of $50,000 per annum and a tax of $5 for each skin; by the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York, annual rental of $55,000 and $8.10½ per skin; by the North American Commercial Company of Illinois, $56,000 per annum and $7.11 per skin.

North American Commercial of California, by Isaac Liedes, president, proposed to pay an annual rental of $55,200 and $1.75 for each skin, with the express understanding that the catch shall not be limited to less than 100,000 per year after the first year; or they will give the government 45 per cent. of the gross receipts from the sale of seals, and will agree to pay a rate of 10 per cent. higher than that offered by any other company.

The offer from the North American Commercial Company of San Francisco offered to pay a rental of $60,000 and $9.62½ for each skin and 50 cents a gallon for seal oil.

Another from the same company proposed to pay a rental of $57,100, $10.50 for each skin and 50 cents a gallon for seal oil, provided the United States guarantees protection in the fisheries.

The sun goes down in the west and prices go down at Partridge's Lansdowne House, Yates street. *

Is Our Climate Changing.

The past two seasons have been so peculiar that thousands are attacked by coughs, colds, hoarseness, influenza, asthma, bronchitis, etc. To these we recommend Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam as the safest, surest and best remedy yet produced for all throat and lung troubles.

1847 Genuine Rogers Bros'. Forks, Old English pattern, at Davidson Bros., Jewellers, Yates Street.

Dizziness Caused by Dyspepsia.

DIZZINESS is a symptom of dyspepsia. "I have used Burdock Blood Bitters for dizziness, which came over me in spells, so that I had to quit work for a while. The B. B. B. entirely cured me." JAMES WRIGHT, Chesterfield, Ont.

Buy Fernwood lots now before the rise in prices. Easy terms. Enquire of agents.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, Government street. YOUNG BROS., o4 Telephone call No. 161.

Our new spring stock of carpets is daily arriving. Some beautiful Japanese art squares and rugs just opened at John Weiler's, 51 to 55 Fort street.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON, } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOV'T ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States $ 2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

THE BY-LAWS.

The ratepayers of Victoria are called upon to vote for five by-laws authorizing the Corporation to borrow money for several purposes. They will, no doubt, previous to voting, make the enquiries necessary to convince themselves whether or not the works on which the money is to be expended is needed.

A good deal has been said and written lately about the manner in which the finances of the city have been managed. It is said that the Council has spent money too lavishly, and that it has appropriated loans which were raised for special purposes for services, the expense of which ought to have been defrayed out of the general revenue. The charges of extravagance and misappropriation of funds have not been met. The Council has been silent.

We think that this policy of silence is neither proper or politic. The ratepayers have a right to hear full explanations with respect to what has been done with the money. It will not do to say that the City accounts have been published and that with the information which they contain before them, the ratepayers returned all the members of last year's Council who presented themselves for election. It is quite probable that a large number, perhaps a majority of the ratepayers, did not examine those accounts, but taking for granted that everything was all right they voted for the old Councillors. It is since the election that the financial management of the Council has been called in question.

If the ratepayers had not been called upon to vote more loans for the city it might, perhaps, have been best to say very little of the policy pursued last year. The new Council would have the opportunity of administering the affairs of the city for twelve months economically and judiciously, and when they appeared before the electors next year the mistakes of the year 1889 might be in a great measure, if not altogether, corrected.

But the Council cannot get through the year without applying for power to borrow more money. The ratepayers can either give the Board of Aldermen that power, or they can withhold it. Nothing is more natural than for the ratepayers, when they are required to vote for more loan by-laws, to ask what has been done with the proceeds of the loans voted last year? The Councillors should have anticipated this question. They should not have given merely the accounts of last year as they are made up by the Treasurer, but they should have published with them a full and clear account of the City's transactions in such a form that intelligent citizens, whether they are versed in book-keeping or not, could understand their nature and be able to form a clear idea of the present condition of the City's finances.

This is what is done every year in the Legislature. The Finance Minister is required not only to give a detailed account of receipts and expenditure, but he is bound to lay before the representatives of the people and the country the fullest explanations as to what he has done with the money he received, and what he intends to do with what he expects to get. This exposition is called the "budget speech," and it is made every year as a matter of course. Some such statement as this is required of the City Council. And when it is not made the critics of its financial management have things all their own way. The citizens naturally conclude that criticisms which are not replied to are unanswerable.

If last year's Council made mistakes—if it spent money which it was not authorized to spend it is surely best to let the citizens know what has been done, what is the nature and what is the extent of the mismanagement.

As far as we can learn, no one thinks of accusing the council, or any member of it, of anything that looks like dishonesty. There is no talk of jobbery. It is not said that this or that alderman is getting rich at the public expense. The money that has been spent has, it appears, all been spent for public purposes. Whether the expenditure has been wise or unwise, economical or wasteful, it has all been intended for the city's benefit. The worst charge that is brought against the Council is, as far as we can learn, mismanagement. This being the case the Council should take the ratepayers into its confidence.

There are some who say it is not safe to trust the Council with more money and who advise the ratepayers to refuse all loans for any purpose whatever. But would not this be like cutting off the nose to spite the face? The money is intended for the city's use, not for the Council's. If the works on which the money is to be spent are required, will it be wise to refuse this year's Council money to go on with them because last year's Council expended money unwisely and in ways for which they had no authority? Would it not be better to vote the money for improvements that are needed, taking care that it should not be misappropriated. It will not do for the city to stand still now. It is seen that the Council needs money for its immediate requirements. The city will be injured, and no one will be benefited, if that money is withheld. It is most important that the city's credit be maintained. The ordinary work of the city must go on. If an engineer uses more oil than is required by the machinery which he runs, the owner of the engine would not be so foolish as to stop his supply of oil altogether. He must, for his own sake, supply him with oil enough to keep the engine in running order. He may, and probably will, bounce the wasteful engineer as soon as he conveniently can, but as long as he keeps him in his employ he must supply him with oil. Money is the oil necessary to keep the civic machine in good running order, and if the supplies are stopped the citizens as a whole will be the losers.

OUR STREET CARS.

Yesterday will be looked upon as an era in the history of Victoria. The starting of street cars shows that the city has arrived at an important stage in the path of progress. That memorable event indicates that the city has advanced, and is advancing. It is the result of a period of prosperity, and it will be a cause of still greater prosperity. The street cars are at once a sign of progress, and a means of progress. They will, no doubt, besides being a very great convenience to the inhabitants of the city of all classes, most materially aid in its further advancement.

The establishment of a street car service will at once very considerably increase the area of the city and will make available many lovely spots which were a few months ago considered too distant from the centre of business to be valuable for the sites of residences, and it will bring the country near to the poor man and the poor man's children. We believe it will be hard to overestimate the value to this city of the street car service.

That the street cars are running through our city to-day is in a great part due to the foresight, the energy and the perseverence of the Hon. David W. Higgins. He was one of the first of our citizens who saw that the time had come to establish a street car service in Victoria. There were many difficulties in the way of carrying out such a project. But when a man of Mr. Higgins' intelligence and ability is possessed of an idea it is not long before he imparts part of his enthusiasm to others. The project in his hands was not long in assuming a practical shape, and when the company was formed he was, as a matter of course, elected as its President. For more than a year he has spared neither labor nor thought in carrying out the enterprise, and yesterday he had the satisfaction of seeing the line he had done so much to establish started under the most promising auspices. We most sincerely congratulate Mr. Higgins, the directors of the company and the other public-spirited citizens who have worked with him, on the splendid result already attained. We do not hesitate to say that Victoria has to-day as fine a street car service as is to be found in the world.

WELL DONE.

We are glad to see that the whole British contingent in Ottawa supported the Government on the language question. In taking the course they did, they voted to secure peace and harmony in the Dominion, and they voted to avert a bitter contest between French and English, Protestants and Catholics. There is no doubt that the religious question was at the bottom of Mr. McCarthy's resolution. The demand to discontinue French as an official language in the North-west Territories was the first move in the Equal Rights campaign. Its success would have been the signal for a fight on race and religious issues all along the line from Cape Breton to Vancouver Island. That the members from British Columbia to a man voted on the side of toleration and concord is something to be proud of. We believe that the great majority of their constituents will heartily approve the action they have taken in this very important crisis in the history of the Dominion. British Columbians are, as a people, liberal. They hate bigotry in whatever form it may take, and they despise narrowness of all kinds. What they look for in a man is manliness, and when they find it they care very little whether the man speaks French or English, whether he is a Protestant or a Roman Catholic. They are, too, strong upholders of provincial rights. They will not allow, if they can help it, the people of the other provinces to interfere in their affairs, and they are quite willing to permit every one of the other members of the Confederation to manage its affairs as best suits its own circumstances and the wishes of the majority of its inhabitants. This being the case they have no sympathy with the men who wish to interfere with the domestic affairs of Quebec and the Northwest Territories.

The six British Columbia members who stood by Sir John Macdonald on Friday truly represented the population of this province. It is not in a British Columbian, old-timer or tenderfoot, to desert a partner in a pinch or to abandon a leader when he is in a difficulty. We are very far from believing that a man should vote with his party on all occasions or that he should follow his leader with blind submissiveness; but there are times when men should be as true as steel, and when no earthly consideration is strong enough to prevail on him to desert the cause he has espoused. The crisis in Ottawa was one of those times, and when the test was applied we are proud to know that not one British Columbia member was found wanting.

A TYRANNICAL REPUBLIC.

The arrival in Paris of a young man, who has just attained his twenty-first year, has greatly excited, not only the citizens of the gay capital, but the inhabitants of the whole of France. This lad came to his native land to enter the army—a duty which is incumbent on all Frenchmen of his age, no matter what may be their birth or their position in society. He came unattended and unheralded. He issued no manifesto. There was nothing threatening in his attitude. He did nothing to attract public attention. Still his unpretentious advent created a sensation in the country and disturbed its government. Why was this? Simply because the young man is the son of the Comte de Paris and a member of what was the Royal Family of France. His title is the Duc d'Orleans. Although this young Frenchman went to Paris to comply with the requirements of the law as regards military service he, almost as soon as he presented himself at the Government office, was arrested and made a prisoner. He was tried and sentenced to two years imprisonment. But the only crime he had committed was that he is the son of his father. The Legislature of the Republic, in an hour of weakness, passed a law forbidding members of the Royal Family to enter France. The enactment of that law showed that the Republic had no confidence in itself, and that its Government did not trust the people. If the majority of the citizens of France are republicans from conviction its rulers need not fear the presence on French soil of any member of its late Royal Family. The members of that family should be allowed be allowed to live in their own country as ordinary citizens. So long as they obeyed the laws of the Republic they had a right to be protected by the State. If they violated those laws they, like other citizens, exposed themselves to punishment. But it was unwise, unfair and an indication of weakness, to legislate against a family the members of which had been guilty of no crime. The foolishness of such legislation is now apparent. The Duke of Orleans, knowing that he had done nothing to deserve punishment, visited his native land in defiance of the sentence of exile pronounced against his family. The authorities treated him as an evil-doer, found him guilty of being a Bourbon and sentenced him to two years' imprisonment. But now that he has been tried and convicted the Government do not know what to do with him. The people of France know that he has done no wrong. The courageous lad has with him the sympathies of millions of Frenchmen and French women. To punish him as a malefactor would therefore be considered an outrage by these people. Besides, the people of the civilized world see the absurdity and the cruelty of punishing this young man, who has done nothing but what in any other young man would be considered a praiseworthy act. The conscience of France is not with its government in treating the Duc d'Orleans as a criminal, and its members cannot but know that they would bring upon themselves the contempt of the whole world if they acted towards him with harshness. They cannot expect to be leniently judged by the nations who have a respect for royalty, and none will condemn the injustice with which the Duke of Orleans is treated with greater severity than true Republicans, for the principle which they hold most sacred is that all men are equal before the law. To condemn a family to exile, and to all the inconveniences and disabilities that exile implies, not because those composing it have done wrong, but for fear they may at some time in the future do wrong, is contrary to this principle, and does violence to the sense of justice cherished by all honest and intelligent men, no matter what form of Government they prefer.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.
Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and ether given for painless extraction of teeth.
CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLASST.
Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

W. H. DANBY,
Real Estate Agent,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET.
P.O. Box 314. Telephone 474.
jan12

T. S. GORE, C. E.,
Dominion-:-Land-:-Surveyor
AND DRAUGHTSMAN,
ROOM 6, BANK BRITISH COLUMBIA B'DING,
d8-3m VICTORIA.

GRAY & DEVEREUX
Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors.
Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located.
OFFICE: Room "C," White House (up stairs), Government St. P. O. box 358. f14-6m

KELLER & BURRIS,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta, Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenwares,
COR. YATES AND QUADRA STS.,
dec7 VICTORIA, B. C.

FURS. ROBES.
Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat, Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at
KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,
57 JOHNSON STREET,
Headquarters for Indian Curios
GUNS AND AMMUNITION.
dec7-1yr

☞ BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON
T. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT & MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
DRAWINGS FOR PATENT OFFICE.
Office, - Moody's Block, - 76 Yates st.,
feb14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT,
COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS. Meals 25c. Beds 25c. Board and lodgings $5.50 per week.
CHAS. A. ANDERSON, Proprietor.
jy30

MRS. F. H. RAIFF,
(Late of El Paso, Tex.)
PROFESSIONAL MANICURE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., (Front Parlor.)
HOURS: { Ladies, 2 to 7 p. m. Gentlemen, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
jan29

Prof. Loisette's
MEMORY
DISCOVERY AND TRAINING METHOD.
In spite of adulterated imitations which miss the theory, and practical results of the Original, in spite of the grossest misrepresentations by envious would-be competitors, and in spite of "base attempts to rob" him of the fruit of his labors, (all of which demonstrate the undoubted superiority and popularity of his teaching), Prof. Loisette's Art of Never Forgetting is recognized today in both Hemispheres as marking an Epoch in Memory Culture. His Prospectus (sent post free) gives opinions of people in all parts of the globe who have actually studied his System by correspondence, showing that his System is *used only while being studied, not afterwards; that any book can be learned in a single reading, mind-wandering cured, &c.* For Prospectus, Terms and Testimonials address—
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
nov23-3od&w-3m

MUNICIPAL.

A BY-LAW

Appointing W. W. Northcott Assessor, Buildings Inspector and Superintendent of Public Works.

BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. William Walter Northcott is hereby appointed Assessor, Buildings Inspector and Superintendent of Public Works for the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Section three of the "Buildings By-law" is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof be it enacted as follows:

"William Walter Northcott is hereby appointed Buildings Inspector and Superintendent of Public Works of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

"The duties of said Buildings Inspector shall be;

"*(a)* To oversee the erection of all buildings to be built, enlarged, altered, or re-erected; and,

"*(b)* To enforce the provisions of the Buildings By-law;

"*(c)* And otherwise those in conformity with the Municipal Act, 52 Vic., cap. 18.

The duties of the Superintendent of Public Works shall be: *(c)* To personally examine the different material required by plans and specifications of buildings in course of erection and to be erected by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and see that the same are in strict conformity with such plans and specifications, and that the work on buildings in course of erection and to be erected is properly performed by the contractor or contractors for such erection.

(d) No change of or deviation from the plans and specifications aforesaid shall be sanctioned or permitted by the Superintendent of Public Works without consulting the committee for the time being appointed by the Council, and without a writen order in that behalf signed by the committee or council.

(e) And otherwise those in conformity with the Municipal Act, 52 Vic., cap. 18.

The duties of the Assessor for the Corporation of the City of Victoria shall be as follows:—

(a) He shall prepare an assessment roll giving the value of all real estate and improvements within the city limits, and specifying the number of the lot or portion of lot according to the official map, size of same together with the name of the owner or owners, and to return the said roll to the Clerk of the Municipal Council on a day to be decided by a By-Law to be hereinafter passed.

(b) He shall notify all owners or their known agents of the increase, if any, made in any assessment upon real estate or upon the improvements thereon, and in case of an appeal against such assessment, he shall appear at the time and place appointed for hearing the same, with such evidence as may be necessary in the cause.

(c) He shall place in a separate column on the said roll all real estate upon which no improvements have been made and all lots which are not fenced in or lots which have been fenced in and are not kept in repair shall be considered unimproved property and be liable to a special tax as such.

(d) He shall prepare a roll of all persons resident in the Municipality who are taxable therein.

(e) It shall be the duty of the Assessor to prepare a roll of all persons carrying on any trade, business, or calling in accordance with the Revenue By-Law, levying a rate from persons; also, the names of all persons taxable in the Municipality who are not residing within the Municipality. (All persons residing outside the City limits shall be considered as non-residents.)

(f) He shall, within one week after the final revision of the Assessment roll by the Council, be prepared to hand in his roll so revised to the Collector.

(g) And otherwise those in conformity with the Municipal Act, 52 Vic, cap 18.

The salary of the said William Walter Northcott as such Assessor, Buildings Inspector and Superintendent of Public Works shall be $150.00 per month.

This by-law may be cited as "The Assessor, Buildings Inspector, and Superintendent of Public Works By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 12th day of February, A. D., 1890. Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 19th day of February, A. D., 1890.

[L. S] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
feb 21

A BY-LAW

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $35,000 to complete the North-Eastern Addition to the City Hall.

WHEREAS, The necessary sum of money to complete the additions to the City Hall is provided for out of the general revenue, and whereas, but little of the present year's revenue is available for street improvements, it is considered desirable to borrow on the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $35,000 for the above purpose so that at least $30,000 more than the present estimate can be expended on the streets and bridges of the said City.

AND WHEREAS; for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan, upon the credit of the said City, the sum of $35,000.

And whereas, it will require the sum of $2,487.80 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of said debt and the interest as hereinafter mentioned:

And whereas, as the amount of the whole rateable property of the said corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1889, was $8,948,903 irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the Municipality, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investments of the sinking fund or any part thereof;

And whereas, for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the said principal sum of $35,000, and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual special rate of 10-359 of one per cent. on the dollar.

And whereas, it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Therefore, be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

1. That it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000, and cause the same to be paid to the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to issue any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required for not less than $1,000 each, and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation of the City of Victoria and be signed by the Mayor.

3. That the said debentures shall be made payable in 30 years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the corporation of the said City of Victoria and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. That the said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of five per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable yearly at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation.

5. That for the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 10-359 of one per cent. on the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property in the said municipality during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. That it shall be lawful for the said municipal council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest due thereon to the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so re-purchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

7. This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the "Municipal Act, 1889," and shall take effect on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1890.

This by-law may be cited as the "City Hall Addition By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council this 19th day of February, A. D. 1890.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council the th day of , A.D. 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on the 4th day of March next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's office, February 21st, 1890. feb22

A BY-LAW

To aid the Victoria Lumbering and Manufacturing Company (Limited) in Building and Operating a Saw Mill at Esquimalt Harbour, Esquimalt District.

WHEREAS, the Victoria Lumbering and Manufacturing Company, limited, are contemplating the erection and operation at Esquimalt Harbour, Esquimalt District, of a saw mill to be used in the manufacture of lumber for exportation to foreign markets, and having a capacity of not less than 150,000 feet of lumber in 12 hours;

And whereas, the Corporation of the City of Victoria have determined to aid and assist the said company in the said project, by giving to the said company the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) by way of bonus;

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise, by way of loan upon the credit of the said city, the sum of $25,000 (twenty-five thousand dollars);

And whereas, it will require the sum of $1,775.48 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt, intended to be hereby created, and the interest thereon;

And whereas, the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised Assessment Roll, is $8,948,903;

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest, and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created, according to the Municipal Act 1889 an annual special rate of 1-50 of one per cent. on the dollar will be required;

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate, so that the said special rate shall not exceed the total rate of taxation:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City of Victoria to raise by way of loan from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not in the whole exceeding the sum of $25,000 (twenty-five thousand dollars), and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or in sterling money not less than $1000 (one thousand dollars), each, or the sterling equivalent of that sum and each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the clerk of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

3. The said debentures shall be payable in thirty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this By-law to take effect at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation at the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of — per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said debentures, and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of one-fiftieth of one per cent. on the dollar, shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the said City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them.

6. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and interest due thereon to the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made, in consequence of such repurchase.

7. This By-Law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the ratepayers of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1889, and shall take effect on the 18th day of March, A. D., 1890.

8. The said Mayor shall not issue the said debentures, or any of them, until the Corporation of the City of Victoria has passed a resolution requesting him to do so.

9. The Council shall not authorize the payment of the said Bonus to the said Company until three months after the said Company have furnished to the Corporation good and satisfactory proof that the contemplated saw mill and machinery in connection therewith have been erected at Esquimalt Harbour, Esquimalt District, and that the said contemplated mill has a capacity of not less than 150,000 ft. of lumber per each 12 hours, nor shall the said Bonus, or any part thereof, be paid to the said Company unless the said mill and machinery of the capacity aforesaid have been erected and in running order on or before the first day of July, A. D., 1891.

10. This By-Law is passed upon the express understanding that the said Company shall not employ any Chinese in or about the said works.

11. This By-Law may be cited as "The Saw Mill Bonus By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 20th day of February, A. D., 1890,

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward, at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on the 4th day of March next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

WELLINGTON J, DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's office, Feb. 21st, 1890. fy-22

A BY-LAW

Respecting the EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPAL REVENUE for the year 1890.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit, by way of overdraft upon current account with the Band of British North America, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $50,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All monies so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the 31st day of December, 1890, out of the Municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Bank Credit By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 29th day of January, A. D. 1890.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council this 5th day of February, A. D. 1890.

L. S.] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. fy8

MUNICIPAL.

A Reward of $25 will be given to any one furnishing such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons depositing any filth or offensive matter within the city limits.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Hall, Jan. 30th, 1890. jy31.

MUNICIPAL.

FROM and after this date all accounts against the corporation must be made out on vouchers (to be obtained at the City Hall) and said vouchers must be certified to by the heads of the different departments before being left at my office for payment, unless they are accompanied by the printed orders which are invariably given for goods.

CHARLES KENT, Treasurer.

Victoria, Feb. 6th, 1890. fy6-1m

NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABSENCE from the Province, Mr. H. E. Croasdaile holds my power of attorney, and will attend to the Canada Life Assurance and other business.

my9-1yr A. W. JONES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its present session, for an act to incorporate a company, to be called the "Canadian Pacific Fire Insurance Company, Limited," for the purpose of carrying on a general fire insurance business within the province of British Columbia.

Dated at Victoria, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1890,

CHARLES WILSON, Solicitor for Applicants.

jy29

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE

Estate of John Montobio.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the letters of administration granted to me in the above estate have been revoked by the order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, and that probate of the will has been duly granted to DOMINICO MORELLO, Executor of the will of the said John Montobio.

Dated 17th January, 1890.

JAMES C. PREVOST.

Victoria, B. C., 16th January, 1890. jan17

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the present session for an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a line of railway, commencing from a point at or near Ashcroft, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence in a north and north-westerly direction via the Valley of the Bonaparte River, to a point at or near Barkerville, in the district of Cariboo, British Columbia; together with the usual powers to build, use and own the said railway and land grant in aid thereof, and to acquire lands and other bonuses and aids from the Dominion Government and the Government of the Province of British Columbia, and to make traffic and other arrangements with railway or other companies, and for all other usual and necessary powers, rights and privileges.

DRAKE, JACKSON & CO., Solicitors for the Applicant.

Victoria, Jan. 30, 1890. jy31 6w

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned under the firm name of Routledge, Swinerton & Co., has been dissolved, as and from the 31st January last, by mutual consent. The business will henceforth be carried on by the undersigned, William Henry Routledge, under the firm name of Routledge & Co., and all accounts will be paid by him.

Dated at Victoria, 12th February, 1890.

W. H. ROUTLEDGE.
ROBT. H. SWINERTON.

Witness C. DUBOIS MASON. fy13

THE "BALL"
ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
OF CANADA.

Using the "Arc" and "Incandescent" Lights, *or both combined*, thus offering to the public the best general system of Electric Illumination extant.

The "Ball" Dynamo differs materially in its construction from all others, having two armatures, and being practically two machines in one.

It will not overheat when subjected to the variable speed of engines used in mills, etc. Overspeeding does not affect it.

Ask for prices and all information from—

R. B. McMICKING, General Western Representative,
P. O. Box 357. s1-6mo VICTORIA, B. C

NOTICES.

A BY-LAW.

Respecting the EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPAL REVENUE for the year 1890.

WHEREAS, the Council hereinafter mentioned have caused an estimate to be prepared of the Municipal Revenue for the year 1890, and of the expenditure required for the service of that year, a copy of which estimate is hereunto annexed.

AND WHEREAS, it is expedient to authorize by By-Law the expenditure of the said revenue in accordance with the said estimate, therefore:

BE IT ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the said Council to appropriate and expend the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the year 1890, for the several purposes and in the manner named or indicated in the estimate hereunto annexed, or as nearly as circumstances permit.

2. All expenditure hereunto incurred by the Council out of the Municipal Revenue for the said year is hereby confirmed.

Passed the Municipal Council the 6th day of February, A. D. 1890.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council this 12th day of Febraary, A. D. 1890.

[L.S.] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1890, AND AVAILABLE ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$5,054 49	
Bank of B. N. A.	10,179 11	
Water rents	45,000 00	
Fire insurance tax	7,500 00	
Pound fees	500 00	
Real estate tax	95,000 00	
Trades licenses	20,000 00	
Liquor licenses	16,000 00	
Road tax	2,500 00	
Dog tax	350 00	
Police court	3,500 00	
Cemetery	2,500 00	
J. Gosnell	362 00	
T. Storey	146 00	
T. Russell	2,000 00	
Weighing machine	375 00	
Refund from Mrs. Archibald, re School street	600 00	
Lots 4 & 5, Beckley Farm; proposed to be sold after gravel is taken away	1,400 00	
Sundry small items of revenue	350 00	$213,316 63
Water rents outst'nding	6,856 27	
Wholesale liquor license	100 00	
Insurance tax	1,950 00	
Trade licenses	3,400 00	
Real estate tax	20,108 10	$32,414 37
		$245,731 00

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE FOR 1890.

Sinking funds (all loans)	$15,424 00	
Interest	33,735 00	
Eberts and Taylor Act for 1890	1,700 00	
Outstanding accounts	305 80	$51,164 80
STREETS AND BRIDGES,		
Unfinished contracts	$5,681 76	
Two firemen at $75 per months	1,800 00	
One teamster	780 00	
Engineer for Jumbo	960 00	
Coal	750 00	
Feed of horses, etc	600 00	
New work	4,500 00	15,071 76
SIDEWALKS.		
Carpenter	$ 900 00	900 00
SURVEY EXPENSES.		
City surveyor	$1,800 00	
Assistant surveyor	780 00	
Sundries	250 00	2,830 00
CHARGES.		
Treasurer	$ 2,000 00	
City clerk	1,0-0 00	
Assistant clerk	1,080 00	
Auditor	1,000 00	
Caretaker	240 00	
Printing	750 00	
Advertising	2,000 00	
Sundries	3,100 00	
Assessor	1,800 00	13,050 00
POLICE.		
Wages	$10,000 00	
Magistrate and clerk	2,280 00	
Clothing	1,200 00	
Sundries	2,000 00	15,480 00
FIRE DEPARTMENT, (SERVICE.)		
Wages of chief and assistant	$1,500 00	
Wages of two engineers, three drivers, two foremen, 17 firemen	7,500 00	
Extension Deluge Engine house	1,000 00	
Repairs to engines	1,250 00	
Team of horses for aerial truck	600 00	
Horse feed and shoeing	950 00	
Hydrants—Repairs	500 00	
Cartage	100 00	
Lumber and labor	250 00	
Scavenger	60 00	
Coal and wood	200 00	
Alarm system—repairs	200 00	
Furniture	100 00	
Gas	400 00	
Harness	250 00	
Hardware, oil, etc	150 00	
New apparatus	400 00	
Repairs to hose reels, trucks, etc	200 00	
Telephones	150 00	15,760 00

If Deluge engine be sold the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of a chemical engine.

BOARD OF HEALTH.		
Health officer	$ 720 00	
Sanitary officer	720 00	
Mens' wages and sundries	3,060 00	4,500 00
STREET LIGHTING.		
Salaries and wages	$ 5,000 00	
Coal	2,500 00	
Wire, carbons, belting	1,500 00	
Sundry items	1,200 00	10,200 00
CEMETERY.		
Keeper	$ 650 00	
Secretary	240 00	
Extra help, sundries, etc	500 00	1,490 00
WATER WORKS.		
Commissioner	$ 1,800 00	
Collector	1,500 00	
Caretaker at dam	720 00	
Engineer at pump	240 00	4,260 00
PARK.		
Keeper	$ 650 00	
Keeper of animals	100 00	
Improvements to park	2,000 00	2,750 00

(Latter amount to be refunded if loan is floated.)

LIBRARY.		
Librarian	$ 600 00	
Rent	300 00	
Sundries	300 00	1,200 00
CITY HALL.		
Balance of first contract	$2,104 00	
Balance second contract	23,147 00	
Female ward for lock-up	1,000 00	
Fitting up new offices	5,000 00	31,251 00
POUND.		
Salaries and sundries		1,100 00
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Water works loan at $70,000, balance to be refunded		21,400 06
Water works loan at $60,000, balance to be refunded		38,334 65
Fire department loan		4,746 34
Legal expenses		500 00
Commission		600 00
Donations		1,000 00
General interest		1,200 00
Rock Crusher		750 00
Remuneration, Mayor and Aldermen		3,800 00
Sewerage and drainage plans		2,500 00
feb14		$245,808 61

NOTICE.

MR. H. B. W. AIKMAN, BARRISTER-at-Law, was, on the first day of January instant, admitted a partner in the firm of DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, which will be continued under the name of

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN.

jan19

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEVLIN
THE GROCER.

Assures his many customers that he has again secured a consignment of his well-known brand of Coffee, and will offer the same at the usual 40 cents per pound, and reduction for large quantities.

IN TEAS—Keep a varied assortment and solicit the favor of giving you samples and price for same free. When I suit *your taste*, buy some at usual prices. There are so many grades and varieties of Tea it is almost useless for the dealer to recommend any one as taste varies so much; some like Black, some Japan, others China Green, others Indian Teas. I have them all, so ask for samples of what you imagine you would like, if that don't suit, ask for another until satisfied. I will then know what you want.

Goods Delivered to any part of the City Free.
TELEPHONE No. 108.
Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.
dec3-3mos

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jan1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

ARTHUR CHURTON,
SKIN AND FUR DRESSER
No. 1 CHURCHWAY, HUMBOLDT STREET.
mar20-1y VICTORIA, B. C.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRE TO EXpress their sincere thanks to the firemen and those citizens who assisted for their successful efforts to save the property of the firm from destruction by the fire this afternoon.
LENZ & LEISER, Government St.
February 18th 1890. fy19

CARD OF THANKS.

TO THOSE CITIZENS WHO SO KINDly assisted at the fire in our establishment yesterday, and to the firemen whose efficient work prevented the destruction of the premises, we wish to return our grateful thanks. The firemen may rest assured that they will hear further from us, and in a substantial manner before long.
HASTIE & LOCKHART.
Victoria, Feb. 19, 1890. fy19-1w

W. BREDEMEYER, DR. PH., (late partner of John McVicker), Mining Engineer, Provincial and United States Surveyor and Assayer, Masonic Temple Block, Vancouver, B. C. Reliable reports, underground surveys and maps of mines executed at low rates. Assays made on all kinds of minerals, Gold and Silver bars. Thirty years experience in mining in Asia, Europe and United States of America. Speaks ten languages. Assays from a distance promptly attended to. Address Vancouver, B. C. All business strictly cash in advance. m31tf

HAY.
Best Baled Timothy Hay
FOR SALE.
Apply to J. D. PEMBERTON, Gonzales Farm.
jan17

JOHN BOYD
---Wholesale and Retail---
WINE AND TEA MERCHANT
Yates street, Victoria, B. C. my4

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for
Furs and Deer Skins

VICTORIA'S
EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA,
PROF. GRANAT,
Musical Director.
Music furnished for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Entertainments, etc.
Apply to the Headquarters, at the London Harmony,
W. J. PHILLIPS,
oc29-6m Cor. Johnson and Broad sts.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.
Prescription of a physican who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address: THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. nov9

1890 FISHERIES.
THE undersigned, are fully prepared to supply the fisheries with SEINES and TRAPS, made from good materials, and with long skilled labor, at low prices. Letters promptly answered. Gloucester Net and Twine Co., Boston. jy26eod10tw6t

NOTICE.
Estate of William Heathorn, Deceased.
ALL persons indebted to the estate are hereby requested to pay the amount thereof forthwith, and all persons having any claim against the estate are hereby requested to send in full particulars of same forthwith to
M. C. HEATHORN,
jy28-1m Sole Executrix, P. O. box 46.
Dated this 27th day January, A.D. 1890.

NOTICE
MESSRS. C. C. PEMBERTON AND Fred. G. Walker, barristers at law and solicitors, have entered into partnership. The firm will be carried on under the name of
jy18 WALKER & PEMBERTON.

UNION CREDIT AND PROTECTIVE Association—Head quarters, 455 Main street, Winnipeg, Man. For collection of old and worthless accounts anywhere in the world, and no charges if not collected.
O. E. COLLINS, Manager and Treasurer.
All applications to be made to Winnipeg offices. ap14-12mo

The Celebrated French Cure,
Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded,
IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE
to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs,

whether arising from the excessive use Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY
E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
fno28-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. ARTHUR BULLOCK
Has opened an office at
5 Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, London,
For the purpose of
The Sale of Real Estate
AND LOANING OUT MONEY
On Good Security, and also a General Commission Business.
ADDRESS AS ABOVE.
jan29-2w

PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE
—AND—
HAND BOOK
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Publishing Co.
NOTICE.
SEASON OF 1890
THE PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE, now being prepared for the press, will be profusely illustrated with finely executed maps and illustrations of views, scenery, etc., of British Columbia, and will be placed before the public as an attractive work of art.
A large and constant circulation is guaranteed throughout the United Kingdom and on the continent, by special arrangement, through the medium of well-known tourist agencies in all the principal cities of Europe. It will be a sure means of advertising hotels, hunting and pleasure resorts, real estate, lands, investment projects, mining, and all schemes in connection with the development of the country and its natural resources.
For advertising space and terms apply to
P. O. Box 208, Victoria, B. C,
oct15-6mo

PETER HANSEN,
CITY SCAVENGER, YARDS AND cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders at Dixi Ross & Co.'s, Robert Porter and Market, Johnson and Douglas streets residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ap12-12m

Victoria Employment Bureau.
No. 23—TIM KEE—Store St.
Can supply all kinds of Chinese help cooks, housekeepers, etc., at wages to suit. Chinese Guides furnished to Tourists.
"CONTRACTOR."
Labor guaranteed. Telephone No. 580
No charges made against Employers of labor.
ap26-12mo

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.
oc4 1y

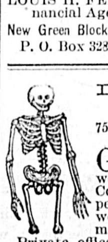
G. A. McTAVISH
Has just received in first-class order from Holland a consignment of
RHODODENDRONS
of various Sizes and Colors, well set with buds.
HARDY :: AZALIAS,
Named varieties, both Ponticum and Mollis.
MAGNOLIAS, IN VARIETY.
Spiraea Japonica, for forcing. Auracaria Imbricata, or Monkey Puzzle. Amaryllis Vittata, Hybrids, very fine for pot culture, and an assortment of
ORNAMENTAL EVERGREENS.
STORE AND NURSERY,
PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.
nov21-6mo

VICTORIA NURSERY
AND SEED ESTABLISHMENT.
P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.,
Successors to Mitchell & Johnston,
Wil have for sale during the coming season a large and varied assortment of
Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs,
Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs,
And other nursery stock of all descriptions, suitable to the climate, including many novelties from Japan, at prices far lower than they can be imported from Canada or the east.
☞ Clover and grass seeds and all other seeds at greatly reduced prices.
For further particulars see our price catalogues, which will be forwarded post free on application. oc5
SEED STORE. NURSERY.
No. 28 Fort Street. Cadboro Bay Road.

GARESHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.
Exchange on London, availacle in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
jy9 1y

VICTORIA RICE MILLS,
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
—MILLERS OF—
China and Japan Rice,
Rice Meal, Rice Flour,
Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.
jan7

ROBINSON, SIMON & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, Notaries & Conveyancers.
THE undersigned desire to inform their friends and the public generally that that they have entered into partnership for the purpose of continuing the above business, and trust by their straightforward dealing to deserve a share of public confidence and support.
Law business, police cases, and the collection of rents and debts will receive special attention and prompt settlement.
H. C. ROBINSON, Notary Public and Accountant,
GEO. SIMON, Solicitor, (15 years practice.)
LOUIS H. FEILING, (late of Tacoma,) Financial Agent.
New Green Block, Trounce Avenue Victoria, B. C.
P. O. Box 328. jy28-1m

DR. JORDAN'S
Museum of Anatomy,
751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. ☞ Send for Book.
Private office, 211 Geary street.
mh6dwtf

HAGYARD'S
"YELLOW OIL"
Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

The Daily Colonist.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1890.

A THRIFTY OLD LADY

Who Netted a Nice Income for Her Declining Years,

By Saving Everything Thrown Away as of no Value in a Rich Banker's Family.

One comes across some queer folks in New York City. The queerest I have seen this six months is an old lady who has laid up a very comfortable sum for the support of her old age by saving everything. She found herself twenty years ago without a penny. Happily, wealthy relatives gave her permission to occupy a room on the top floor of their big house, but this did not occur until she had passed through a very terrible six months in which she had kept off cold and starvation with almost infinitesimal defenses. Suddenly transferred to the lavish luxury of a rich man's home, she was shocked by what seemed to her the most terrible waste. Before very long her resolution was formed. She had very nearly perished for want of much less than these people waste every month in the year, and she determined that she would catch up and store the crumbs that fell unnoticed from the rich man's table. The garret was vacant and the servants rarely went there, the family never. This she used as her store-house. Every one was fully occupied with their own full lives and paid little heed to her, so that she carried on her system of saving quite unnoticed. Nothing in that house for twenty years wasted. Every old match-box, empty bottle, cork, bit of string, scrap of paper, hair combings, rags, clippings, old spools, basting threads, outworn garments, old pens, worn out sponges, faded ribbons and tattered gloves, every broken piece of china, empty envelopes, torn letters, old newspapers, circulars, lost pins and hairpins, were faithfully gathered up and stored in long bags hung from the garret rafters. She gathered up the children's broken toys, the family's old shoes and hats, worn undergarments, handkerchiefs, frayed collars, empty bonbon boxes, cast off Christmas cards, the wire from their faded bouquets, every single article that was of no more use to them, and each article was carefully stored during the winter.

When summer came the spinster always begged to be allowed to remain in the house and look after it, and as soon as the family had departed she sorted and arranged her winter store and began to look for purchasers of it. She found out just where she could dispose of her wares to the best advantage. The stock of such things in a big household mounts up every six months to something truly astonishing and her summer was a busy one in the arranging and selling of the wares. All this money she put in the bank and at the end of ten years it had reached quite a figure. Ten years ago land in the upper part of New York sold for a much lower figure than it does now, and she invested hers there in property that had been improved to a certain extent, sufficient rent being paid for it to keep even with her taxes and interest. In the last three years property there has risen, and the old lady took advantage of the boom this autumn, and sold out. Then she took all the receipted bills for the stuff she had sold—every one of which she had kept—to the head of the family and said: "I have ventured to take all that you have thrown away for twenty years, and here is the result. This sum has been more than doubled by prudent investment, and now I have an income of $2500 a year. I thank you deeply for all your goodness and generosity. I have taken a little cottage in a country town near New York, and, thanks to the chance I had here, I shall be able to spend the balance of my life in comfort and ease." And she went, leaving the rich banker contemplating in amazement the sum of money he and his family had thrown away in twenty years. Since her departure the household complain that they suddenly find the house running over with outworn and useless trash that they cannot get rid of.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

PRUSSIA'S HAUGHTY LITTLE CROWN PRINCE.

The little Crown Prince of Germany seems to have inherited some of the qualities of his father. The prince was driving out with his governess. As usual the Germans cheered the boy or lifted their hats to him as he passed, to which the young prince replied by raising his bonnet. At last he got bored with having continually to acknowledge the salutes of the populace. Flinging himself back in the carriage, he said to his governess: "I am tired now and shall not lift my bonnet any more to them no matter how much they cheer." "You are a naughty boy," replied the governess, "and unless you acknowledge the salutes of the people I shall not continue to drive with you." The crown prince sat up immediadetly. "Coachman," said he. The coachman looked around. "Stop the carriage, coachman," continued the little one, and with a lordly wave of his hand to the governess, added, "this lady will get out."—*London Figaro.*

TO BRIDGE THE BOSPHORUS.

There need be no more Leander-like or Byronic swimming across the Bosphorus if the project contemplated by a French engineering company be taken up seriously and carried to completion. This plan comprises nothing less than the construction of a colossal bridge, 800 metres, or 872 yards long, over the historic and picturesque channel that flows between the shores of Europe and Asia, connecting the sea of Marmora with the Euxine. The project has been talked of any time these twenty years, but it was not considered that the bridge would be useful enough to justify the enormous expense which it would entail. The points already designated for the construction were Roumeli-Hissar and Anatoli-Hissar, and it is considered that if now contructed it would act as a link in the local railway system, eventually paying for itself in a satisfactory manner. The French engineers who are thinking of undertaking the construction of the bridge would make it with one arch only.—*London Telegraph.*

WILLIS BOND.

BY AN ADMIRER.

Willis Bond is Victoria's pride,
He has big feet and a colored hide,
His shoulders have a Grecian bend,
Which to his figure grace doth lend.

He is an orator by nature born,
Though by conflicting powers torn,
Commercial Union is his forte
When helped by a glass of rare old port.

When on the lecture stage he stands,
The landlord for his rent demands,
So then a collection is taken,
And into his beaver the nickels are shaken.

Then in *soft* and *musical* tones,
Which jarred on his hearer's bones,
He proceeded with his speech,
Which acted like a leech.

Imperial Federation is another theme
Upon which he vents a little steam,
And when the steam exhausted is
He says 'tis time to close this "bis."

Long, long life to Willis Bond,
Of whom learned men are all so fond,
When his last days are drawing nigh,
May his thoughts be of God most high.

A MILD WINTER IN PEPYS' TIME.

A correspondent sends the following extract from Pepys's Diary, which is very illustrative of the dangers of a mild winter. After recording in August, 1661, "a sickly time both in the city and country everywhere (of a sort of fever) that never was heard of almost unless it was in a plague time," he makes on the 15th of January, 1662, the following remarkable entry:—

"15 January, 1662. * * * A fast day ordered by the Parliament to pray for more seasonable weather; it having hitherto been summer weather, that it is, both as to warmth and every other thing, just as if it were the middle of May or June, which do threaten a plague (as all men think) to follow, for so it was almost the last winter; and the whole year after hath been a very sickly time to this day."

The impartiality of the prevailing disorder, which has been just as active in the breezy Chiltern Hills as in South Kensington or Hoxton, is as noticeable in the present winter as it was two centuries ago. The chief difference is that Parliament is not now sitting in January, and would not order a fast day if it were, remembering, possibly, that the fast day ordered in 1662 did not prevent the plague a few years afterward.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

THOUGHT HE WAS IN THE GAME.

Minneapolis Tribune.

Yesterday a little group of poker fiends were discussing with some gusto the various phases of the great national game. "Talking of poker games," chimed in a smooth traveling man, smiling with good humor upon the group of common men about him, "they play a big stiff game out in Montana. In Butte men lose their $10,000 or $15,000 every night, and they plank down their good money and think nothing about it, either. Why, at the Silver Bow Club, when the big ones get together, they take down the roof and skylights and play a game that gives a man cold feet. There's Daily and Clark and Hogan and Hauser, all of them three or four millionaires, and their game is something very stiff. I had a friend out there who thought he would like to join in the big ones' game. Nice fellow, too; clean, bright; no flies about him at all, in fact, but didn't know any better, you know. 'Could he come in?' 'Oh, yes, if he wanted,' said Mr. Hogan, a little bored, as there was $5,000 on the table and he had but a full house, kings high, and deuces back of them. So after the hand was played the traveling man laid off his coat; good stock, too, fur lined and beaver collarettes; got it in Chicago, bargain, too; only $85; a little shop-worn. Then he laid off his silk tile and was ready for the game.

"'Give me a hundred dollars' worth of chips,' said he, slapping a crisp $100 bill upon the table.

"Daily was running the bank. He seized up the bill and looked surprised, then looked across at Clark. Clark glanced at Hogan, and Hogan took a side peep at Hauser. 'Well, what's the matter, gentlemen?' said my friend, the tourist, with a bland smile; 'ain't I in the game?'

"There was a silent moment, 'He wants to know if he's in the game,' at length said Daily, turning helplessly to Hauser, who sat on his right.

"'In the game?' repeated the great mining king; 'why, of course he's in the game; Daily, give the gentleman a white chip.'

"After that you could not have kept that traveling man in the house with a lasso. In fact he left town that night on the east-bound freight, but he did not join the game."

A LITTLE GIRL'S WISH.

Not very long ago, according to the Cambridge (Mass.) *Chronicle*, Rev. Dr. Phillips Brooks called on a friend in that city who is the happy mother of three children—two boys and a little girl. Dr. Brooks soon had all three of the little folks about him and was questioning them in regard to their views of an occupation when they should be grown up. One boy would be an architect, and plan Queen Anne houses; the other thought he would be a poet, like his late distinguished grandfather. "And what would you wish to be, my dear?" said the clergyman to the little four-year-old daughter of the house. "I think, sir," she replied modestly as she caressed her doll, "that I should like to be a mother."

THE AFGHAN ARMY.

How it is Supplied With Arms and Ammunition.

A First-Class Plant For Making Martini-Henry Rifles Imported From England to Cabul.

The whole of the Ameer's army at present numbers about 50,000 men, and for these the workshops in Kabul have so far been able to turn out annually about two cartridges for each man, each cartridge having to be made by hand. Mr. Thomas B. Pyne has succeeded in creating in Kabul two machines for making solid-drawn, Martini-Henry cartridges, which are capable of turning out 10,000 cartridges per hour. He has also got from one of the very best firms in England the whole of the plant for making Martini-Henry rifles, and the whole of this machinery is set up in Kabul at the present time. Not only this, but there are two English mechanics in Kabul now, both specialists, one in cartridge making, and the other in the manufacture of rifle barrels. The whole of these works are in Kabul to-day, but so far not a single cartridge or a single rifle barrel has been turned out. Mr. Pyne has just gone now to England to bring out some more plant; he is due in Kabul a month after the next Moslem fast of Ramzan. When he returns the workshops will be put in full swing without delay. Afghanistan has for a very long time past been a most important factor of consideration in the foreign policy of India up to the present time when ammunition has been made by hand, and 100,000 rounds has been the maximum that could be turned out annually. Surely, when once the workshops are opened in Kabul, and are making solid-drawn cartridges at the rate of 20,000 per hour, (two machines), then, as a factor in our foreign policy, the Afghan army will be of greatly enhanced value.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

BEAUTY, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

Are priceless possessions in women, and they can only be preserved by the use of the most carefully-compounded

TOILET AND MEDICAL AGENTS.

Remember that the positive purity, harmlessness and high quality of the ingredients of the

RECAMIER TOILET PREPARATIONS

are guaranteed by distinguished and honorable scientific and medical testimony based upon searching analysis.

The Recamier Preparations do not contain arsenic, lead or bismuth in any form, as is attested over their own signatures among others by

HENRY A. MOTT, PH., D., LL. D., Member of the London, Paris, Berlin and American Chemical Societies.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, M.SC., PH. D., Professor of Chemistry to the Stevens Institute of Technology.

PETER T. AUSTEN, PH. D., F. C. S., Professor of General and Applied Chemistry. Rutgers College and New Jersey State Scientific School.

And are recommended by women who make the preservation of a good complexion a study.

FROM MME. ADELINA PATTI-NICOLINI.

CRAIG-Y-NOS CASTLE, Oct. 13, 1887.

"My Dear Mrs. Ayer—There never has been anything equal in merit to the Recamier Preparations, my skin is so immensely improved by their use. I need not dread old age while these magic inventions of yours exist. I use Cream, Balm and Lotion every day of my life and could not exist comfortably without them. Recamier Soap is also perfect. I shall never use any other. It far surpasses all toilet soaps. I hear that the Princess of Wales is delighted with the Recamier Preparations. I am convinced your Recamier Preparations are the greatest boon ever invented. I could not comfortably endure a day without them."

ADELINA PATTI-NICOLINI.

What the Recamier Preparations are and why they are to be used.

Recamier Cream, which is first of these world famous preparations, is made from the recipe used by Julie Recamier. It is not a cosmetic, but an emollient to be applied at night just before retiring, and to be removed in the morning by bathing freely. It will remove tan and sunburn, pimples, red spots or blotches, and make your face and hands as smooth, as white, and as soft as an infant's.

Recamier Balm is a beautifier, pure and simple. It is not a whitewash, and unlike most liquids Recamier Balm is exceedingly beneficial and is absolutely imperceptible except in the delicate freshness and youthfulness which it imparts to the skin.

Recamier Lotion will remove freckles and moth patches, is soothing and efficacious for any irritation of the cuticle, and is the most delightful of washes for removing the dust from the face after travelling, and is also invaluable to the gentlemen to be used after shaving.

Recamier Powder is in three shades, white, flesh and cream. It is the finest powder ever manufactured and is delightful for the nursery, for gentlemen after shaving, and for the toilet generally.

Recamier Soap is a perfectly pure article, guaranteed free from animal fat. This soap contains many of the healing ingredients used in compounding Recamier Cream and Lotion.

The Recamier Toilet Preparations are positively free from all poisonous ingredients, and contain neither lead, bismuth, or arsenic.

40 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Jan., 1887.

MRS. H. H. AYER.

DEAR MADAM: Samples of your Recamier Preparations have been analysed by me. I find that there is *nothing* in them that will harm the most *delicate* skin, and which is not authorized by the French Pharmacopœia as safe and *beneficial* in preparations of this character.

Respectfully yours,

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, M.SC., PH.D.

If your druggist does not keep the Recamier Preparations, refuse substitutes. Let him order for you or order yourself from the Canadian office of the Recamier Manufacturing Company, 374 and 376 St. Paul st., Montreal. For sale in Canada at our regular New York Prices: Recamier Cream, $1.50. Recamier Balm, $1.50. Recamier Moth and Freckle Lotion, $1.50. Recamier Soap, scented, 50c.; unscented, 25c. Recamier Powder, large boxes, $1.00. Small boxes, 50c.

IT WAS HARD ON JASPER.

To point an argument the *Courier-Journal* revives a speech made by Abram Jasper to the colored picnic at Shantytown in the last Virginia campaign: Feller freemen, says he, you all know me. I am Abram Jasper, a republican from away back. When there have been any work to do I has voted early and often. When there has been any fightin' to do, I has been in the thickest of it. I are above proof, old line and tax paid. And I has seed many changes, too. I has seed the republican up. I has seed the democrat up. But I is yet to see the nigger up. T'ther night I had a dream. I dreamt that I died and went to heaven. When I got to the pearly gates, old Salt Peter, he says:

"Who's dah?" says he.

"Abram Jasper," says I.

"Is you mounted or is you afoot?" says he.

"I's afoot," says I.

"Well, you can't come in here," says he. "Nobody's 'lowed in here 'cept them as came mounted," says he.

"Dat's hard on me," says I, "arter comin' all dis distance." But he neber says nothin' mo'r, and so I starts back, an' about half down de hill who does I meet but Gen'l William Mahone. "Whar is you gwine, gen'l?" says I.

"I is gwine to heaven," says he.

"Why, gen'l," says I, "taint no use. I'se just been up dar, and nobody's 'lowed to get in 'cept dey comes mounted, an' you's afoot."

"Is dat so?" says he.

"Yes, it is," says I.

Well, de gen'l sorter scratched his head an' arter a while he says, says he: "Abram, I tell you what let's do. Suppose you git down on all fours, an' I'll mount an' ride you in, an' dat way we kin both git in."

"Gen'l," says I, "do you think you could work it?"

"I know I kin," says he.

So down I gits on all fours and de gen'l gits a-straddle, an we ambles up de hill agin an' prances up to de gate, an' ole Salt Peter, he says:

"Who's dar?"

"Gen'l William Mahone, of Virginey," says he.

"Is you mounted or is you afoot?" says Peter.

"I is mounted," says de gen'l.

"All right," says Peter, "all right," says he; jess hitch you hoss outside, gen'l, and come right in."

HE WAS EXACT.

"Driver," said a portly gentleman, as he crawled inside the conveyance, "can you drive me to the corner of Eleventh and J streets?" "Can I drive you there?" "That's what I said." "My dear sir, I wouldn't be guilty of such an attempt, even if I had any suspicion that it would meet with success. It will, however, give me great pleasure to drive the horse to whatever point you may select and stop the vehicle promptly upon its arrival.—*Washington Post.*

PORTUGAL'S KING AND QUEEN.

King Carlos of Portugal, who possesses sixteen Christian names, while his younger brother answers to no less than thirty, is personally one of the most amiable of monarchs. He is a handsome blonde young man, who carries himself with a military air, and is credited by his personal friends with considerable able decision of character. He is a devoted sportsman, an accomplished musician, speaks seven languages, and paints in water colors—in short, he is a bit of a savant, like his relative, the unlucky ex-Emperor Dom Pedro. The Queen is believed to be popular. She is tall and handsome, and was very carefully educated. She does not share her husband's passion for music, but is a student of history, delights in mathematics, and is a clever sketcher. She speaks French, Portuguese, English and German. She is said to take a deep and intelligent interest in public affairs and to be exceedingly fond of her adopted country.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

HERE AND THERE.

The Latest Island Discovered in the South Pacific.

The Fyfe Marriage Settlement—What Bacteria Are—Longevity of English Public Men.

The great majority of these microscopic plants are what botanists call bacteria, the smallest form of vegetable life. So small are they that it would take, in some cases, as many as fifteen thousand of them arranged in a row to extend an inch. They have different forms, some being round, some oval, some rod shaped and others much the shape of a corkscrew or spiral. In all cases they are so small that one needs a powerful microscope to study them, and in no case can we perceive them with the naked eye. When countless millions of them are grouped together in a mass or colony we can see them about as we are able to see at a great distance an approaching army, of which we are totally unable to distinguish a single soldier.

We have said that these bacteria move about, and this is true of most of them, although there are some which do not appear to move at all, but remain fixed where they find a good feeding place. Those that have motion behave in a very peculiar manner, some wobble about in one place without moving forward in the least; others dart hither and thither, back and forth, at an apparently furious rate, rocking and twirling about, and turning a hundred somersaults as they move along.

Bacteria multiply very rapidly and they do this in a very strange way. A single one breaks itself in two; then each half grows to be as large as the first. Then these, in turn, divide up again, and so on, until from a single one we have many thousands in a short time. To give you the figures, such as they are, a single one can multiply at so enormous a rate that in forty-eight hours it can produce something like 280,000,000,000 of bacteria Great consequences follow this enormous increase of bacteria; for, while one which is so small in itself can do little, the vast army resulting from the multiplication of one is able to accomplish much.—*Professor Frederick D. Chester, in St. Nicholas.*

ISMAIL PASHA.

One of the most remarkable facts of contemporary history is the curious manner in which Ismail Pasha has been quickly permitted to drop out of sight and memory. Most people imagine that the ex-Khedive is dead, so little is the curiosity evinced as to the whereabouts of a man to whom the Turkish Government has granted the enormous sum of £1,000,000 per annum. A few years ago Ismail Pasha was perpetually to the front, now in Paris, at the Grand hotel, or at Vichy drinking the water. He passed the winter in the greatest magnificence at Rome or Naples, and the summer season at various fashionable watering places, of which Hamburg and Vichy were the favourites. Ismail is now living a prisoner in one of the most splendid palaces on the Bosphorus. He enjoys his revenues and every luxury money can procure, but with the outer world he may not and, what is more, he cannot communicate. If he were buried in a vault or dungeon his seclusion could not be greater, for beyond the ladies of his harem and his attendants the ex-Khedive sees or hears no human face or voice. One day he will be found dead, and, be sure, there will be no inquest.—*London Star.*

THE FYFE MARRIAGE SETTLEMENT.

So many guesses at the future provision for Princess Louise of Wales, Duchess of Fyfe, have been made that it may be of interest to give the effect of the Fyfe marriage settlements. It is thus:—In the event of the Duke of Fyfe predeceasing his wife, the trustees shall pay to the princess a jointure of $35,000 per annum, in half-yearly payments, in advance, during such time as she may remain unmarried. There is also placed in the trustees' hands a sum of $100,000 to provide a dower-house for the princess, who will be paid the interest upon it until such residence is provided, at her own request, in lieu thereof. In the event of the Princess' re-marriage, the annuity will be reduced by one-half, and the dower-house, or unappropriated part of the invested sum, will revert to the children for whom other provision is also made.—*Ex.*

A NEW PACIFIC ISLAND.

The last addition to the volcanic isles of the South Pacific has been recently surveyed and mapped by Captain Oldham, of the British surveying ship, Egeria. In the submarine eruption of 1867 its nucleus was thrown up from a part of the ocean floor 6,000 feet deep, about 30 miles west of Namuka Island, one of the Friendly or Tonga archipelago. It is composed almost entirely of ashes, cinders and volcanic bombs. The new land, now very much larger than when first discovered by the officers of H. M. S. Falcon, from which it is named may yet become one of the finest and most fertile isles that deck the broad bosom of the South Pacific, and a bone of contention between rival nations.—*N. Y. Herald.*

LONGEVITY OF ENGLISH PUBLIC MEN.

Disagreeable though the climate of England may appear to the uninitiated, yet it is apparently conducive to longevity. In addition to Mr. Gladstone, whose mental and physical vigour at an advanced age are well known throughout the world, there are some nine or ten octogenarian members of the House of Commons. In the House of Lords no less than thirty of the peers are over 80 years old, Lord Cotesloe, who is the father of the House, being 91, and the Earl of Albemarle, who fought as an ensign at Waterloo, 90 years of age. On the active of the British Navy we find the name of Admiral Sir Provo Wallis, of Shannon and Chesapeake fame, who is now about to enter on his 99th year, while on the bench there are no less than four judges who have passed the age of fourscore years.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

STANLEY'S LIEUTENANTS.

The Cairo correspondent of the London *Times* went to Suez to meet Stanley and his party, and in the course of his letter describing the appearance of the travelers he says:—"Lieutenant Stair, Captain Nelson and Mr. Jephson were only known to me as they are known to the rest of the civilized world. The first, perhaps, showed most signs of the wear and tear of perpetual hardship. It may be interesting to future applicants for service under Mr. Stanley to know the determining cause of his selection. 'I opened,' said Mr. Stanley, 'many hundreds of letters applying for permission to accompany me. Some were so long I could not pretend to read them. I picked out one which went straight to the point, and in a few lines said not a word too much nor a word too little, and I telegraphed "come;" that was Mr. Stair, and it has been his characteristic throughout.' Captain Nelson shows small traces of the privations which are now officially registered in maps of Africa under the name, 'Nelson's Starvation Camp.' Utterly unable to move or to be carried he was left 16 days with one pot of marmalade, one bottle of brandy, one pot of Liebig's extract and one tin of condensed milk. Of his fifty-two followers, five survived."

THE SULTAN'S MAGNIFICENT GIFTS.

The German Emperor and Empress have been busy of late in unpacking and arranging the innumerable and magnificent gifts presented to them by the Sultan. A correspondent at the Berlin court writes that those of the Emperor include a splendid sword, valued at not less than $75,000. The blade is an old Damascus one, of remarkable beauty, being engraved with sentences from the Koran. The hilt is studded with emeralds and diamonds. There are also whole cartloads of the finest Turkish cigarettes, which were especially made for his Majesty, and a quantity of smoking necessaries, of which may be mentioned a chebook of amber, covered with precious stones, and a tobacco casket with the Sultan's initials in Turkish. The presents of the Empress include a pair of agrafies, composed of the most superb diamonds, from which hang strips of pearls and diamonds, which can be formed into a collar. The value of this gift alone is said to be $125,000. Her Majesty has also received a quantity of costly silks, fine Oriental carpets, fans, shawls, embroidered slippers, and other articles too numerous to mention. Perhaps, however, the most graceful act of the Sultan has been to send her Majesty a portrait of her consore, painted especially for the Sultan by an Italian master, which was hung, with great tact, in her Majesty's bedroom at Yildiz Kiosk. Finally, his Majesty has sent the Emperor, Empress and Prince Henry of Prussia each a magnificent horse of pure Syrian breed.—*Ex.*

ROYAL SIGNATURES.

The Queen's signature to State documents is still a model of firmness and legibility, no sign of her Majesty's advanced age being discernible in the boldly written "Victoria R," which she attaches to such papers as have to bear her royal autograph. There are veteran statesmen living who will remember that the question of the signing of State documents by the Sovereign became one of considerable importance in the last months of George IV.'s reign. During this period his Majesty was in such a debilitated state that the writing of numerous autographs was practically impossible for him, and under these circumstances a short bill was hurriedly passed through Parliament authorizing the King to affix a facsimile of his autograph by means of an inked stamp. It was also provided, however, in the bill that George should before stamping each document give his verbal assent to it in a specified form. The Duke of Wellington was in office at the time, and it was often his duty to lay certain documents before the King for his approval. One day the "Iron Duke," noticing that his Majesty was stamping the papers before him without repeating the prescribed verbal formulary, ventured to enter a respectful but firm protest. The King, much irritated, exclaimed:—"D— it, what can it signify?" "Only this, sir," replied the Duke, "that the law requires it." George IV. said no more, but at once began to repeat the requisite formulary as he stamped each of the remaining documents.—*London Figaro.*

A PECULIAR CHARACTER.

Thomas Banks, one of the most peculiar characters that ever lived in Alabama, died at Montgomery, Ala., Thursday. He was industrious and miserly, and had accumulated an estate valued at $200,000. Fifteen years ago he had an handsome mausoleum erected in the city cemetery, and directed that he and his brother should be laid to rest there together. He had the mausoleum furnished with a washstand, bowl and pitcher, soap and towels, and comb and brush. He used to visit the place daily and make his toilet in the mausolem. He could not bear the idea of being buried under the ground and said if he came to life again he would find himself in comfortable quarters. He never married and leaves no relatives. It is understood that he made a will, leaving his property to personal friends and charitable institutions.—*Ex.*

DUNRAVEN RANCH

A Story of American Frontier Life.

By Capt. CHARLES KING, U. S. A.,

Author of "The Colonel's Daughter," "From the Ranks," "The Deserter," Etc.

Copyrighted 1888 by J. B. Lippincott Company Philadelphia, and published by special arrangement through the American Press Association.

CHAPTER III.

MEANTIME Lieut. Perry was riding blithely down the winding trail, totally unconscious that his movements were of the faintest consequence to anybody but himself, and equally heedless of their being a source of speculation. His horse was one he rejoiced in, full of spirit and spring and intelligence, the morning was beautiful, just cool enough to be exhilarating; his favorite hound, Bruce, went bounding over the turf under the slopes, or ranging off through the cottonwoods along the stream, or the shallow, sandy arroyos, where the grass and weeds grew rank and luxuriant. Every now and then with sudden rush and whir a drove of prairie chickens would leap from their covert, and, after vigorous flapping of wings for a few rods, would go skimming restfully in long easy curve, and settle to earth again a hundred yards away, as though suddenly reminded of the fact that this was mating time and no gentleman would be mean enough to shoot at such a season.

Every little while, too, with prodigious kicking of dust and show of heels, with eyes fairly bulging out of his feather brained head, and tall lop ears laid flat on his back, a big jack rabbit would bound off into space, and go tearing across the prairie in mad race for his threatened life, putting a mile between him and the Monee before he began to realize that the two quadrupeds ambling along the distant trail were obedient to the will of that single rider, who had no thought to spare for game so small. Some Indian ponies, grazing across his pathway, set back their stunted ears, and, cow like, refused to budge at sight and hearing of the big American horse; whereat a little vagabond of a Cheyenne, not ten years old nor four feet high, set up a shrill chatter and screech and let drive a few well directed clods of turf, and then showed his white teeth in a grin as Perry sung out a cheery "How! sonny," and spurred on through the opening thoroughfare, heedless of spiteful pony looks or threatening heels.

Perry's spirits rose with every rod. Youth, health, contentment, all were his, and his heart was warm towards his fellow men. To the best of his reckoning, he had not an enemy or detractor in the world. He was all gladness of nature, all friendliness, frankness and cordiality. The toughest cowboy whom they met on the long march down, the most crabbed of the frontiersmen they had ever encountered, was never proof against such sunshine as seemed to irradiate his face. He would go out of his way at any time to meet and hail a fellow man upon the prairies, and rarely came back without knowing all about him—where he was from, where he was bound and what were his hopes and prospects. And as for himself, no man was readier to answer questions or to meet in friendliest and most jovial spirit the rough but well meant greetings of "the plains."

Being in this frame of mind to an extent even greater than his normal wont, Mr. Perry's eyes glistened, and he struck spur to hasten Nolan's stride, when, far ahead, and coming towards him on the trail, he saw a horseman like himself. Being in this mood of sociability, he was something more than surprised to see that all of a sudden that horseman had reined in—a mere black dot a mile away—and was presumably examining him as he advanced. Hostile Indians there had been none for many a long month, "road agents" would have starved in a region where there practically were no roads, cowboys might, and did, get on frolics and have wild "tears" at times, but who ever heard of their being hostile, man to man? Yet Perry was plainsman enough to tell, even at the mile of distance, that the stranger had halted solely to scrutinize him, and, next, to his vast astonishment, that something in his appearance had proved either alarming or suspicious, for the horseman had turned abruptly, plunged through the timber and across the stream, and in another moment, veering that way himself to see, Perry marked him fairly racing into the mouth of a shallow ravine, or "break," that entered the valley from the south, and there he was lost to sight.

"What an ill mannered galoot!" was his muttered comment as he gave Nolan brief chance to crop the juicy grass, while his perturbed rider sat gazing across the stream in the direction taken by the shy horseman. "I've half a mind to drop the ranch and put out after that fellow. That ravine can't go in so very far but what he must soon show up on the level prairie; and I'll bet Nolan could run him down." After a moment's reflection, however, Mr. Perry concluded that as he had come so far and was now nearly within rifle shot of the mysterious goal of his morning ride, he might as well let the stranger go, and pushed ahead himself for Dunraven.

The stream bent southward just at the point where he had first caught sight of the horseman, and around that point he knew the ranch to be. Very probably that was one of the ranchmen of whom Mrs. Lawrence had spoken—churlish fellows, with a civil word for nobody, grim and repellent. Why, certainly. That accounted for his evident desire to avoid the cavalryman; but he need not have been in such desperate haste—need not have kept at such unapproachable bounds, as though he shunned even being seen. That was the queer thing, thought Perry. He acted just as though he did not want to be recognized. Perhaps he'd been up to some devilment at the ranch.

This thought gave spur to his speed, and Nolan, responsive to his master's mood, leaped forward along the winding trail once more. The point was soon reached and turned, and the first object that caught Perry's eye was a long row of stakes stretching from the cottonwoods straight to the south up the gentle slope to the prairie, and indicating beyond all question the presence there of a stout and high and impassable wire fence. There are few things the cavalryman holds in meaner estimate.

"That marks the western limit," thought Perry to himself, "and doubtless reaches miles away to the south, from what I hear. Now, where does one enter?"

A little farther on he came upon a trail leading from the low bluffs to his left hand. It crossed the winding bridle path on which he rode, though some of the hoof tracks seemed to join, and wheel tracks too. He had marked that between the fort and the point no sign of wheel appeared; it was a hoof trail and nothing more. Now a light and little traveled wagon track came in from the north, and while one branch seemed to cross the Monee and to ascend the opposite slopes close along the wire fence, the other joined him and went on down the stream. This he decided to follow.

A ride of a few hundred yards brought him to a point where a shoulder of bluff twisted the trail well in towards the stream, and he, thinking to cross and reconnoiter on the other shore, turned Nolan in that way, and was suddenly brought up standing by the heaviest and most forbidding wire fence he had ever seen. Yes, there it stretched away through the cottonwoods, straight as a die, back to the angle whence started the southward course he first had noted, and, looking down stream, far as the eye could reach, he marked it.

"Well," thought Perry, "I've often heard an Englishman's house was his castle, but who would have thought of staking and wiring in half a county—half a Texas county—in this hoggish way? How far down is the entrance, anyhow?"

Following the trail, he rode down stream a full half mile, and still there seemed no break. Nowhere on the other shore was there sign of bridle path leading up the slopes. Turning to his left in some impatience, he sent Nolan at rapid lope across the intervening "bottom," and soon reached the bluffs, which rose perhaps forty or fifty feet above the stream. Once on the crest, the prairie stretched before him northward, level as a floor, until it met the sky; but it was southward he longed to look, and thither quickly turned. Yes, there it lay—Dunraven Ranch, in all its lonely majesty. From where he gazed the nearest building stood a good long mile away. That it was the homestead he divined at once, for a broad veranda ran around the lower story, and white curtains were visible at the dormer windows of the upper floor. Back of it and on the eastern flank were other buildings, massive looking, single storied affairs, evidently stables, storehouses and corrals. There was a tall windmill there—an odd sight in so remote a region—and a big water tank.

Perry wondered how it ever got there. Then at the southwest angle was a building that looked like an office of some kind. He could see horses tethered there, and what seemed to be human figures moving about. Beyond it all, to the east and south, were herds of grazing cattle, and here and there in the dim distance a horseman moved over the prairie. This reminded him of the stranger who had given him the slip; and he gazed westward in search of him.

Far up the valley, between him and the distant post, he could plainly see a black object just descending the slopes from the southern prairie to the stream. Not another was in sight that his practiced eye did not know to be cattle. That, then, was his horseman, once more going fort-wards in the valley, after having made a three or four mile detour to avoid him. "Now, what sort of a Christian is that fellow?" thought Perry, as he gazed at the distant speck. "Going to the fort, too. By thunder! I'll find out who he is, anyhow. Now I'm going to the ranch."

Down the slopes he rode. Down the winding trail once more he trotted, peering through every gap among the cottonwoods, slaking Nolan's thirst at a little pool in the stream, and then, after another long half mile, he came to a sudden turn to the right. The road dipped and twisted through the stream bed, rose to the other side, wound through the cottonwoods and then out on the open turf. Huzza! There it stretched up the slopes straight away for the south, straight through a broad gap between two heavy gate posts standing on the stake line of that rigid fence. Nolan broke into a brisk canter and gave a neigh of salutation; Perry's eyes glistened with anticipation as he bent over his charger's neck, keenly searching the odd looking structure growing on his vision as they neared the fence. Then, little by little, Nolan's eager stride shortened and grew choppy. Another moment, and horse and rider reined up short in disappointment. Between the gate posts swung a barrier of cobweb lightness, slender and airy as spider ever wove, but bristling with barbs, stiff as "bullfinch" and unyielding as steel. One glance showed Perry that this inhospitable gate was firmly locked.

For a moment he sat in saddle, studying the situation, while Nolan poked his head over the topmost strand of wire and keeping at respectful distance from the glittering barbs gazed wistfully over the inclosed prairie in search of comrade quadruped who could tell him what manner of place this was. Meantime his rider was intently eying the heavy padlock that was secured on the inner side of the gate. It was square in shape, massive and bulky—something utterly unlike anything he had ever seen among the quartermaster's stores. Dismounting and holding Nolan well back from the aggressive fence with one hand, he gingerly passed the other through the spike fringed aperture and turned the padlock so as to get a better view. It was of English make, as he surmised, and of strength sufficient to resist anything short of a trip hammer. Evidently no admission was to be gained here, he reasoned, and yet it was through here that that horsemen had come but an hour before. Here were the fresh hoof prints in the trail, and it was evident that the rider had dismounted, opened the gate, led his horse through, closed and fastened it, then remounted and ridden away. Perry was plainsman enough to read this from the hoof prints. Studying them carefully, a look of surprise came into his face; he bent down and closely examined the two or three that were most clearly defined upon the trail, then gave a long whistle as a means of expressing his feelings and giving play to his astonishment.

"Johnny Bull holds himself too high and mighty to have anything to do with us blarsted Yankees, it seems, except when he wants his horses shod. These shoes were set at the post blacksmith shop, or I'm a duffer," was the lieutenant's verbal comment. "Now, how was it done without the quartermaster's knowing it? That's the cavalry shoe!"

Pondering over this unlooked for revelation, Mr. Perry once more mounted and turned his disappointed steed again down stream. At last, full half a mile farther on, he saw that a wire fence ran southward again across the prairie, as though marking the eastern boundary of the homestead inclosure, and conjecturing that there was probably a trail along that fence and an opening through, even if the southeastward line should be found fenced still farther, he sent Nolan through the Monee to the open bank on the northern side, cantered along until the trail turned abruptly southward, and, following it, found himself once more at the fence just where the heavy corner post stood deeply imbedded in the soil. Sure enough, here ran another fence straight up the gentle slope to the south, a trail along its eastern side, and a broad cattle gap, dusty and tramped with the hoofs of a thousand steers, was left in the fence that, prolonged down stream, spanned the northern boundary. Inside the homestead lot all was virgin turf.

Following the southward trail, Perry rode briskly up the long incline. It was east of this fence he had seen the cattle herds and their mounted watchers. He was far beyond the ranch buildings, but felt sure that once well up on the prairie he could have an uninterrupted view of them and doubtless meet some of the ranch people and satisfy himself what there was in the stories of their churlish and repellent demeanor. The sun was climbing higher all this time, and he, eager in pursuit of his reconnoissance, gave little heed to fleeting minutes. If fair means could accomplish it, he and Nolan were bound to have acquaintance with Dunraven Ranch.

Ten minutes' easy lope brought him well up on the prairie. There—westward now—was the mysterous clump of brown buildings, just as far away as when he stood, baffled and disappointed, by the gateway on the Monee. Here, leading away towards the distant buildings, was a bridle path. Here in the fence was a gap just such as he had entered on the stream, and that gap was barred and guarded by the counterpart of the first gate and firmly secured by a padlock that was the other's twin. Mr. Perry's comment at this point of his explorations was brief and characteristic, if not objectionable. He gave vent to the same low whistle, half surprise, half vexation, that had comforted his soul before, but supplemented the whistle with the unnecessary remark: "Well, I'll be damned!"

Even Nolan entered his protest against such incredible exclusiveness. Thrusting his lean head far over the topmost wires, as before, he signaled long and shrill—a neigh that would have caught the ear of any horse within a mile—and then, all alert, he waited for an answer. It came floating on the rising wind, a responsive call, a signal as eager and confident as his own, and Nolan and Nolan's rider whirled quickly around to see the source from whence it rose. Four hundred yards away, just appearing over a little knoll in the prairie, and moving towards them from the direction of a distant clump of grazing cattle, another horse and rider came trotting into hailing distance; and Perry, his bright blue eyes dilating, and Nolan, his dainty, sensitive ears pricked forward, turned promptly to meet and greet the new arrivals.

For fifty yards or so the stranger rode confidently and at rapid trot. Perry smilingly watched the outturned toes, the bobbing, "bent over" seat, and angular elbows that seemed so strange and out of place on the broad Texan plain. He could almost see the "crop" in the free hand, and was smiling to himself at the idea of a "crop" to open wire gates, when he became aware of the fact that the stranger's mien had changed; confidence was giving place to hesitancy, and he was evidently checking the rapid trot of his horse and throwing his weight back on the cantle, while his feet, thrust through to the very heels in the gleaming steel stirrups, were braced in front of the powerful shoulders of the bay. The horse wanted to come, the rider plainly wanted to stop. Another moment, and Perry could see that the stranger wore eyeglasses and had just succeeded in bridging them on his nose and was glaring at him with his chin high in air. They were within two hundred yards of each other by this time, and to Perry's astonishment, the next thing the stranger did was to touch sharply his horse with a barbed heel, whirl him spitefully about, and go bobbing off across the prairie at lively canter, standing up in his stirrups, and bestriding his steed as though his object were not so much a ride as game of leapfrog.

It was evident that he had caught sight of Perry when Nolan neighed, had ridden at once to meet him, expecting to find some one connected with the ranch, and had veered off in disgust the moment he was able to recognize the uniform and horse equipments of the United States cavalry.

CHAPTER IV.

SWEET tempered a fellow as Mr. Perry confessedly was, there was something in the stranger's conduct that galled him inexpressibly. From his handsome mount, his garb and his general appearance, Perry set this stranger down as one of the Englishmen residing at the ranch. It was not fear of arrest and capture that sent him scouting away across the prairie; it was deliberate intent to avoid, and this was, to Perry's thinking, tantamount to insult. One moment he gazed after the retreating form of the horseman, then clapped his forage cap firmly down upon his head, shook free the rein and gave Nolan the longed for word. Another instant, and with set teeth and blazing, angry eyes he was thundering at headlong speed, swooping down upon the unconscious stranger in pursuit. Before that sunburned, curly haired, bulkily framed young man had the faintest idea of what was impending, Mr. Perry was reining in his snorting steed alongside and cuttingly accosting him:

"I beg your pardon, my good sir, but may I ask what you mean by trotting away when it must have been evident that I wanted to speak with you?"

The stranger turned slightly and coolly eyed the flushed and indignant cavalryman. They were trotting side by side now, Nolan plunging excitedly, but the English horse maintaining his even stride; and stronger contrast of type and style one could scarcely hope to find. In rough tweed shooting jacket and cap, brown Bedford cords fitting snugly at the knee but flapping like shapeless bags from there aloft to the waist, in heavy leather gaiters and equally heavy leather gloves, the stocky figure of the Englishman had nothing of grace or elegance, but was sturdy, strong, and full of that burly self reliance which is so characteristic of the race. Above his broad, stooping shoulders were a bull neck, reddened by the sun, a crop of close curling, light brown hair, a tanned and honest face lighted up by fearless gray eyes and shaded by a thick and curling beard of lighter hue than the hair of his massive head.

He rode with the careless ease and supreme confidence of the skilled horseman, but with that angularity of foot and elbow, that roundness of back and bunching of shoulders, that incessant rise and fall with every beat of his horse's powerful haunch, that the effect was that of neither security nor repose. His saddle, too, was the long, flat seated, Australian model, pig skin, with huge rounded leathern cushions circling in front and over the knees, adding to the cumbrousness of his equipment and in no wise to the comfort; but his bit and curb chain were of burnished steel, gleaming as though fresh from the hands of some incomparable English groom, and the russet reins were soft and pliable, telling of excellent stable management and discipline. Perry couldn't help admiring that bridle, even in his temporary fit of indignation.

As for him—tall, slender, elegantly made, clothed in the accurately fitting undress "blouse" of the army and in riding breeches that displayed to best advantage the superb molding of his powerful thighs, sitting like centaur well down in the saddle, his feet and lower legs, cased in natty riding boots, swinging close in behind the gleaming shoulders of his steed, erect as on parade, yet swaying with every motion of his horse, graceful, gallant, and to the full as powerful as his burly companion, the advantage in appearance was all on Perry's side, and was heightened by Nolan's spirited action and martial trappings. Perry was an exquisite in his soldier taste, and never, except on actual campaign, rode his troop horse without his broidered saddle cloth and gleaming bosses. All this, and more, the Englishman seemed quietly noting as, finally, without the faintest trace of irritability, with even a suspicion of humor twinkling about the corners of his mouth, he replied:

"A fellow may do as he likes when he's on his own bailiwick, I suppose."

"All the same, wherever I've been, from here to Assiniboia, men meet like Christians, unless they happen to be road agents or cattle thieves. What's more, I am an officer of a regiment just arrived here, and, from the Missouri down, there isn't a ranch along our trail where we were not welcome and whose occupants were not 'hail fellow well met' in our camps. You are the first people to shun us; and, as that fort yonder was built for your protection in days when it was badly needed, I want to know what there is about its garrison that is so obnoxious to Dunraven Ranch—that's what you call it, I believe?"

"That's what—it is called."

"Well, here! I've no intention of intruding where we're not wanted. I simply didn't suppose that on the broad prairies of the west there was such a place as a ranch where one of my cloth was unwelcome. I am Mr. Perry, of the —th cavalry, and I'm bound to say I'd like to know what you people have against us. Are you the proprietor?"

"I'm not. I'm only an employe."

"Who is the owner?"

"He's not here now."

"Who is here who can explain the situation?"

"Oh, as to that, I fancy I can do it as well as anybody. It is simply because we have to do pretty much as you fellows—obey orders. The owner's orders are not aimed at you any more than anybody else. He simply wants to be let alone. He bought this tract and settled here because he wanted a place where he could have things his own way—see people whom he sent for and nobody else. Every man in his employ is expected to stick to the ranch so long as he is on the pay roll, and to carry out his instructions. If he can't, he may go."

"And your instructions are to prevent people getting into the ranch?"

"Oh, hardly that, you know. We don't interfere. There's never any one to come, as a rule, and, when they do, the fence seems to be sufficient."

"Amply, I should say; and yet were I to tell you that I had business with the proprietor and needed to ride up to the ranch, you would open the gate yonder, I suppose?"

"No, I would tell you that the owner was away, and that in his absence I transacted all business for him."

"Well, thank you for the information given me at all events. May I ask the name of your misanthropical boss? might tell him, I called."

"Several officers called three years ago, but he begged to be excused."

"And what is the name?"

"Mr. Maitland—is what he is called."

"All right. Possibly the time may come when Mr. Maitland will be as anxious to have the cavalry around him as he is now to keep it away. But if you ever feel like coming up to the fort, just ride in and ask for me."

"I feel like it a dozen times a week, you know; but a man mustn't quarrel with his bread and butter. I met one of your fellows once on a hunt after strayed mules, and he asked me in, but I couldn't go. Sorry, you know, and all that, but the owner won't have it."

"Well, then there's nothing to do for it but say good day to you. I'm going back. Possibly I'll see some of your people up at Rossiter when they come to get a horse shod."

"A horse shod! Why, man alive, we shoe all our horses here!"

"Well, that fellow who rode out of your north gate and went up towards the fort about an hour or so ago had his horse shod at a cavalry forge, or I'm a duffer."

A quick change came over the Englishman's face; a flush of surprise and anger shot up to his forehead; he wheeled about and gazed eagerly, loweringly, back towards the far away buildings.

"How do you know there was—What fellow did you see?" he sharply asked.

"Oh, I don't know who he was," answered Perry, coolly. "He avoided me just as pointedly as you did—galloped across the Monee and out on the prairie to dodge me; but he came out of that gate on the stream, locked it after him, and went on up to the fort, and his horse had cavalry shoes. Good day to you, my Britannic friend. Come and see us when you get tired of prison life." And, with a grin, Mr. Perry turned and rode rapidly away, leaving the other horseman in a brown study.

Once fairly across the Monee he ambled placidly along, thinking of the odd situation of affairs at this great prairie reservation, and almost regretting that he had paid the ranch the honor of a call. Reaching the point where the wagon tracks crossed the stream to the gateway in the boundary fence, he reined in Nolan and looked through a vista in the cottonwoods. There was the Englishman, dismounted, stooping over the ground and evidently examining the hoof prints at the gate. Perry chuckled at the sight, then whistling for Bruce, who had strayed off through the timber, he resumed his jaunty way to the post.

In the events of the morning there were several things to give him abundant cause for thought, if not for lively curiosity, but he had not yet reached the sum total of surprises in store for him. He was still two miles out from the fort, and riding slowly along the bottom, when he became aware of a trooper coming towards him on the trail. The sunbeams were glinting on the polished ornaments of his forage cap and on the bright yellow chevrons of his snugly fitting blouse. Tall and slender and erect was the coming horseman, a model of soldierly grace and carriage, and as he drew nearer and his hand went up to the cap visor in salute a gesture from his young superior brought an instant pressure on the rein, and horse and man became an animated statue. It was a wonderfully sudden yet easy check of a steed in rapid motion, and Mr. Perry, a capital rider himself, could not withhold his admiration.

"Where did you learn that sudden halt, sergeant?" he asked. "I never saw anything so quick except the Mexican training; but that strains a horse and throws him on his haunches."

"It is not uncommon abroad, sir," was the quiet answer. "I saw it first in the English cavalry; and it is easy to teach the horse."

"I must get you to show me the knack some day. I've noticed it two or three times, and would like to learn it. What I stopped you for is this: You've been stable sergeant ever since we got here, have you not?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then if anybody besides members of the troop had horses shod at our forge you would be pretty apt to know it?"

"I know that no one has, sir." And a flush was rising to the young sergeant's face and a pained look hovering about his bright blue eyes. Yet his manner was self restrained and full of respect.

"Dr Quin!—the post surgeon! Are you sure, sergeant?"

"Certainly, sir. The doctor rode into the post just about an hour after the lieutenant left—coming up the valley too. He went right around to his own stable, over towards the hospital."

A look of amaze and stupefaction was settling on Perry's face. Now for the first time he recalled Mrs. Lawrence's intimations with regard to the doctor, and his connection with the signal lights. Now for the first time it occurred to him that the secret of those cavalry hoof prints at the gate was that no ranchman, but an officer of the garrison, had been the means of leaving them there. Now for the first time it flashed upon him that the Englishman's astonishment and concern on hearing of those hoof tracks indicated that the story of a mystery at Dunraven in which the doctor was connected amounted to something more than garrison rumor. Now for the first time an explanation occurred to him of the singular conduct of the horseman who had dodged him by crossing the Monee. Never in his young life had he known the hour when he was ashamed or afraid to look any man in the eye. It stung him to think that here at Rossiter, wearing the uniform of an honorable profession, enjoying the trust and confidence of all his fellows, was a man who had some secret enterprise of which he dared not speak and of whose discovery he stood in dread. There could be little doubt that the elusive stranger was Dr Quin, and that there was grave reason for the rumors of which Mrs. Lawrence had vaguely told him.

For a moment he sat, dazed and irresolute, Nolan impatiently pawing the turf the while, then, far across the prairie and down the valley there came floating, quick and spirited, though faint with distance, the notes of the cavalry trumpet sounding "right, front into line." He looked up, startled.

"They're out at battalion drill, sir," said the sergeant. "They marched out just as I left the stables."

"Just my infernal luck again!" gasped Perry, as he struck spur to Nolan and sent him tearing up the slope; "I might have known I'd miss it!"

"Don't think I'm intimating anything to the contrary, Sergt. Gwynne. No soldier in the regiment more entirely holds the confidence of his captain—of all the officers—than you. I was not thinking of that. But somebody down there at that big ranch below us has had his horse shod by a cavalry farrier—it may have been done while the Eleventh were here—and, while I knew you would not allow it at our forge, I thought it possible that it might be done in your absence."

"It's the first time I've been out of sight of the stables since we came to the post, sir, and the captain gave me permission to ride down the valley this morning. May I ask the lieutenant why he thinks some ranchman is getting his shoeing done here at the post?"

"I've been down there this morning, and met a man coming up. He avoided me, and rode over to the south side, and so excited my curiosity; and as they keep that whole place inclosed in a wire fence, and he had evidently come out of the north gate, I was struck by the sight of the hoof prints; they were perfectly fresh there on the trail, and plain as day. There's no mistaking the shoe, you know. By the way, he rode up to the fort, and probably entered at your side of the garrison, did you see him?"

"No, sir, and, except for breakfast—just after reveille—I have been at stables all the morning. I was there when the lieutenant got his horse."

"Yes, I remember. Then no one rode in from the valley?"

"No civilian—no ranchman, sir. The only horsemen I've seen were some Cheyenne scouts during the last two hours, and Dr Quin—just before sick call."

(To be Continued.)

THE BRAZILIAN RUBBER MONOPOLY.

The Government of Para has recently granted to a native company, the monopoly of the trade of the province, which has induced the American and French traders to protest against this unfair treatment of foreign firms, and we understand that the more important English houses are also taking a similar step. Although rubber is obtained from many tropical countries, and considerable quantities are exported from other parts of Brazil, and especially from St. Salvador, the best sort of caoutchouc is obtained from the province of Para, while inferior qualities are derived from the artocarp trees of the Gulf of Mexico and of Guatemala, and a small percentage of the supply of the better quality is contributed by the West Coast of Africa and Sumatra. The annual import from all sources to England amounts to about 11,000 tons, and of this quantity it is estimated that half is derived from Para. This total by no means represents the extent of the industry in Brazil, as during the last year no less than 16,000 tons of rubber were shipped to other countries, of which about one-half was taken by the United States. It will be seen, therefore, that the threatened monopoly of this product by the Para Government may seriously affect the rubber trade of this and other countries, and it is thought that the move may increase the price of the raw product by 10 12 per cent. of the present quotations. It is to be hoped that the combination will stimulate the other countries to develop their resources, and in Borneo, where the *Urceola elastica* is known to yield a very satisfactory product, there seems to be an opening for further enterprise in this direction.—*Industries.*

A San Francisco correspondent, Dr. Stallard, who has evidently given much attention to the subject of leprosy in the Sandwich Islands, writes that he is satisfied (1) that leprosy is feebly contagious; (2) probably less so than consumption; (3) that its spread in the Sandwich Islands affords absolute proof of its contagion and (4) that its increase was due to new conditions of native life brought about by the association with the whites. He believes it can be arrested and surely prevented by abundant food and a perfect state of health.

DEER AND THEIR HIDES.

To the Editor: I was glad to see a letter in the last Weekly Colonist on the preservation of deer, and suggesting means whereby the killing for hides may be stopped.

I have spent the greater part of my time, since the middle of last October, in traveling through the Thompson, Nicola, and Similkameen valley, and I can fully testify to the immense slaughter of deer that has taken place in these districts during the past season, simply for the skins, and this occurred mostly from the middle of November to the middle of January. In Nicola, a storekeeper expressed himself to me by saying that the Indians had "simply been bringing them (the hides) in by sleigh loads." I believe, when the shipment for the season has finished, the output from the Nicola valley alone will be fully 20,000 lbs.

I have stopped with, and conversed with, many ranchers throughout the valleys mentioned, and each one bore witness to the large quantity of deer that had been killed in his particular locality by the Indians for nothing but their hides. I believe the same thing has taken place through the Okanagan and Chillicoten districts. When travelling on the Bonaparte, at the end of January, I met a teamster with a load of 1,400 lbs. of deer skins, and he told me that he had been bringing a similar load into Ashcroft station every two weeks during the winter.

As this destruction has now been going on for several years, I should think it is fully time that something should be done to preserve the deer from the hands of the exterminators; in Ontario certain kinds of deer became so scarce that in 1888 it was found necessary to entirely prohibit, by law, killing them for five years. Let us hope that no such law will be found necessary in British Columbia a few years hence.

I quite agree with your correspondent that the best way to strike at the root of the evil, is to prohibit altogether the exportation of hides, for when storekeepers will no longer buy, then the Indians will no longer kill, and to attempt to suppress the crime by any other means will be a useless expense of time and money.

Your obedient servant,
Arthur W. Pearse.
Yale, B. C., Feb. 12th, 1890.

TRAVELLING AGENTS AND THEIR CUSTOMERS.

To the Editor: Noticing, amongst your local items yesterday, that the licensing committee have decided to charge travelling foreign tailors a license of at least $50. Now, would it not be as well to charge in other lines equally as well, for this reason: Travelers come to this city and pretend to sell only wholesale and to do a wholesale business, whereas it is well known that, with but very few exceptions, they will sell a small lot to any and every one who will purchase, and at generally the same rate to the retail dealer as to the wholesale merchant. As the merchant pays license, city and provincial taxes, I would ask in the name of common sense what right a traveler from another province has to come here and sell his wares without paying an equal revenue as well as the merchant?

There is, however, rather an amusing incident connected with this complaint on the part of the tailors, that they themselves bought a certain article from these very travelers, that can be procured from several firms in this city at as low price as it can be imported by them from either Montreal or Toronto. In proof of this the writer is willing to put up $10, to go to either charities or hospitals, of what they assert. This is not in any way intended as a bet, but in proof of the foregoing. This, I am sorry to say however, is not confined to tailors, but to numbers of merchants and others about the city who send East for their clothing, boots and shoes, dry goods, books, hardware, furniture, etc., etc. Now, this manner of sending east for goods by mail or express is not confined to private citizens, but very often to the dealers themselves, who send away for articles they can purchase as cheaply here, and yet with marvelous effrontery these very same class of men expect patronage from the parties whom they fail to purchase from legitimately. Moreover, an instance is known here where a journalist bought his furniture in Toronto, and after it arrived here had the assurance to ask a well-known furniture manufacturer for an advertisement. Well, it was given perhaps.

On the foregoing complaint the word foreign and foreigner is mentioned. Now the traveling tailors generally hail from Winnipeg, Brandon, Hamilton, Toronto, &c., so that it is evident that by Eastern Canada they mean foreign.

I will give you my definition of a foreigner under their separate heads:

1st. A foreigner is an alien, a person owing allegiance to some other country than this.

2nd. A foreigner is a resident amongst us having no vote or taking no interest in the country beyond what he can take away or send out of it for the benefit of himself and his country.

3d. A foreigner is a citizen resident doing business, a British subject perhaps, but who, thinking he can save two cents, will purchase the same class of goods east that can be obtained here at equally as low prices, freight and charges included, (these are not Chinamen in Chinatown, for they buy from each other) but an undesirable class who are enemies of this fair country, and who try to build up eastern merchants and manufacturers at the expense of British Columbia. Such class of men, to my ideas, are foreigners and enemies of British Columbia generally and this city in particular.

I trust that in the near future there will be an organization or a mercantile protective association whose duty it will be to show up this class of residents and merchants who patronize outside industries, and allow those in their midst to subsist as best they may. In conclusion I would state that there are quite a number of merchants and others in this city, old residents in particular, who purchase all in the city and country that can be procured, and do not send their money abroad to build up eastern petty capitalists, and who, as well as the writer, is British Columbia first last and all the time.

British Columbia.

Forget your name, but don't forget the bargains at Partridge's Lansdowne House, Yates street.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria.
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT—ONE OR TWO COMFORTably furnished rooms, pleasant and central location. 202 Fort street. fy7

TO LET.

SIX NEW MODERN SIX ROOM houses; bath rooms, hot and cold water laid on; wood sheds, etc., etc., Chatham Terrace; each $20 per month, water included.
Apply, E. M. Johnston, Real Estate Agent, corner Government and Bastion Streets. fol 11

TO LET.

A FURNISHED ROOM FOR A SINGLE gentleman. Ten minutes walk from the post office. Apply P. O. Box 281. f7

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FANCY WORK AND UNDERCLOTHing. Nice business for lady. Small capital required. Apply A TOLLER, jy23.1m 18 Broad Street.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

NEARLY NEW FURNITURE OF A small house and piano for sale, and house to let. Apply "B," Colonist office. jy21

FOR SALE.

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete, with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Rae street. For further particulars apply to Jacob Sehl, Government st. n21

TEAM OF HORSES,
Double Set of Harness and Truck
FOR SALE

The above a bargain. For particulars apply to
FLINT & WILLIAMS,
Real Estate and General Commission Agents, 30 Fort street.
P. O. Box 468. feb15-1w

LOTS.
LOTS.
LOTS.
—ON—
ESQUIMALT ROAD.

TERMS.

One third cash, balance on time. Ten per cent. off for cash.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE,
Real Estate Brokers,
jy21-1m Colonist Building.

FOR SALE,
IN LOTS,
The Choice Building Sites, comprising the
WHOLE FRONTAGE OF
The Nesbitt Property,
ON
Cadboro Bay Road and Pemberton Streets,
(ON THE ELECTRIC CAR ROUTE.)

For particulars, price lists, etc., apply to
JNO. J. AUSTIN,
Real Estate Agent,
oc27-tf 57 Government st., Victoria.

CADBORO BAY.

1 Piece of 7½ Acres,
1 Piece of 2½ Acres,

Both for sale. Both lots fronting on Cadboro Bay, and commanding a most charming view. Address P. O. Box 255.
dec17-tf

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1658 and 1659 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall register the above lots in the name of J. B. Matthews as owner in fee in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 7th February, 1890, by the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
12th February 1890. fy12-1mo

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Croghan & Jones, of 91 Douglas street, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. John T. Jones retires, and A. Croghan will carry on the business in his own name and collect and pay all outstanding debts.
JOHN T. JONES.
ARTHUR CROGHAN.
Witness—Henry Hearns.
Victoria, Feb. 4, 1890. f5-1w

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between William Spencer Hampson and Chester Lee Terry, carrying on the business of general dry goods retailers on the corner of Yates and Broad streets, under the title of Hampson & Terry, is hereby dissolved by mutual agreement. Chester Lee Terry assumes the stock and will continue the business as usual and discharge all the liabilities of the late firm.
(Sgd) WM. SPENCER HAMPSON,
CHESTER LEE TERRY.
Witness—Henry John Holmans.
Victoria, January 30, 1890. feb4

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership existing between the undersigned, Edward Adams and Charles Beaumont, under the firm of Adams & Beaumont, at Duncan, E. & N. R. R., will be dissolved on February 28th, 1890.
All accounts due the firm must be paid and all claims sent in on or before that date.
(Signed) EDWARD ADAMS.
CHARLES BEAUMONT.
Dated 1st February, 1890. feb2

OGILVIE MILLING CO.
WINNIPEG.
Use Ogilvie's Celebrated Brands of Flour,
"Hungarian" and "Strong Bakers"
The best and most economical in the market for Family and Bakers Use. For sale by all dealers. feb 21

REAL ESTATE.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

(ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS.)

$60,000 for immediate investment at current rates, in sums to suit.

EAST VICTORIA
Fronting Royal Jubilee Hospital.

8 - MINUTES RIDE - 8
—BY—
Electric Cars from the Post Office.

SEVENTY-FIVE
choice building sites for sale on easy terms.

FIFTY MORE LOTS
to be placed on the market as soon as surveyed.

Money found to build for those buying for cash.

This suburban property will be increasingly valuable as the cars bring it within such easy access of the business centre.

RENTS AND INTEREST.
Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

CONVEYANCING
in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

MONEY
To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

Long list of city lots, suburban acres and country property and farms on sale.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at
Office, Cor. Government and Bastion Streets,
VICTORIA.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 11,

To take effect at 8.40 a.m. on Tuesday, October 15, 1889. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.
De 8.40 A.M.	De 2.30 P.M.		VICTORIA	Ar 1.21 P.M.	Ar 5.58 P.M.	
" 8.44	" 2.34		RUSSELLS	" 1.30	" 5.54	
" 8.54	" 2.44		VIC. W.	" 1.10	" 5.44	
" 9.01	" 2.51		ESQUIMALT	" 12.49	" 5.30	
" 10.21	" 4.00		COLWOOD	" 11.33 A.M.	" 4.10	
" 10.28	" 4.14		SHAWNIGAN	" 11.26	" 4.04	
" 10.45	" 4.20		COBBLE HILL	" 11.10	" 3.50	
" 10.57	" 4.30		McPHERSON'S	" 11.07	" 3.49	
" 11.02	" 4.44		KOKSILAH	" 11.02	" 3.44	
" 11.12	" 4.54		DUNCANS	" 10.52	" 3.34	
Ar 12.40 P.M.	" 5.35		COBBLE HILL	" 10.26	" 3.12	
De 12.49	" 6.14	P.M. De 10.00	CHEMAINUS	" 9.21	" 2.14	P.M. Ar 7.15
Ar 1.04	Ar 6.29	Ar. 10.15	NANAIMO	Ar 9.15	De 1.50	De 7.00
			WELLINGTON	De 9.00		

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

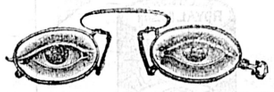
No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
my29

From Terminal or Interior Points the
Northern Pacific Railroad
Is the line to take
To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to
ST. PAUL and CHICAGO
(NO CHANGE OF CARS)
Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, Of Latest Equipment.
Tourist Sleeping Cars.
Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and
Elegant Day Coaches.
A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY
THE ONLY
TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE
Running Solid Trains
—FROM—
Pacific to Atlantic Coast
—CONSISTING OF—
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleeping Cars—the latter free.
THROUGH TICKETS
To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in United States and Canada.
Can be purchased at less rate than via. any other line.
PASSENGERS BOOKED
To and From All European Points!
For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address
ROBT. IRVING,
Freight and Pass. Agent.
D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.
Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't, Vancouver. fe23



S. S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST., one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight; also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn. nov9-d&w

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.
A 25 cent Meal!
OF THE BEST—AT THE
COLONIAL HOTEL, Johnson St.
oct2-tf

TACOMA, WASH.!

F. C. AMBRIDGE & CO.,
INVESTMENTS, : LOANS,
REAL ESTATE.
Investments made for Non-Residents a Specialty!
Correspondence Solicited.
901 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Wash.
Reference—Tacoma National Bank. nov9

COAL. COAL. COAL.
BEST WELLINGTON COAL
—TO BE HAD AT—
Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard,
OFFICE, NEXT BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Telephone Call 590. H. C. MACAULAY,
dec29-2mo Manager.

GEORGE POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE.
Cheapest House West of Toronto.
In Stock the Best and Cheapest Stoves, the Cheapest Tinware in the Province, Crockery, Glassware, Furniture, Electro-plated Goods and Cutlery, Gardening Tools and Hardware, Carpenter Tools, the Best, and at Bedrock Prices.
Cheapside, 146 Government St., Bet. Johnson & Cormorant Sts.

—THE—
JUBILEE-:-RANGE
—AT—
McLENNAN & McFEELY'S,
70 YATES STREET. my4-12mos TELEPHONE 454.

MORE-:-NEW-:-GOODS
Ladies' Waukenfausts in several styles and widths. These are exceptionally fine Winter Goods. Inspect for yourselves,
—AT—
ERSKINE'S Boot & Shoe EMPORIUM
132 Government street, corner Johnson.
m23-dw-1y

MISSION CITY
Is destined to become British Columbia's largest inland Town. At the
Terminus of the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern Railway,
On main line of the C. P. R.
COME EARLY BEFORE THE RAISE. - Apply to Agents.
dec3-3mo

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.,
LANGLEY STREET.
Real Estate Agents, Money to Loan, Insurance.
FOR SALE
Lots James Bay, Lots Spring Ridge, Lots Esquimalt Road.
feb2-1m POST OFFICE BOX 24.

JOHN WEILER
Calls Attention to the following lines:
"Lignomur," the New Wall and Ceiling Decoration.
HIGH RELIEF, HYGIENIC, MODERATE IN PRICE.
Beautiful Japanese and Artistic Paper Hangings, large line of new style Carpets, Lace Curtains in ecru and cream tints, Brass, Antique Bronze, Oak, Walnut and Japanned Coal Vases, Brass Fire Sets, Library Lamps' Chandeliers and Piano Lamps, Agate and White Enamelled Iron Ware.
Largest Stock of Furniture and House Furnishing Goods in British Columbia.
SHOWROOM: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.
dec 22-12m

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.
VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Corner Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA B. C.
no23-1y

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.
DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 11a. m
"City of Puebla," - Feb. 23rd,
R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mar26 Agents.

EAST -:- COAST -:- ROUTE
The Steamer

"RAINBOW"
Will resume her regular route for NANAIMO, calling at all way ports on Tuesday next, February 11th, and thereafter every Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock.
For particulars apply to
fy7 TURNER BEETON & CO.

For NEW WESTMINSTER
The Steamer

RAINBOW"
Will resume her regular trips to NEW WESTMINSTER on Sunday February 9th, and thereafter every Thursday and Sunday mornings at 7 o'clock.
For particulars apply to
fy7 TURNER, BEETON & CO.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer
ISA EL
J. E. B LER, Master.
On and after November 19 1889,
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "
For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC
NAVIGATION
COMPANY, (Limited)
Time Table No. 12, takes effect January 1, 1890.
Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.
New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock
Fraser River Route:
Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
Northern Route:
Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.
Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

HOTELS AND RESTAURANT.

Clarence Hotel
After the 1st of October, and during the Winter months, Boarders will be received at the Clarence Hotel on very reasonable terms. For rates either for Board, or Room and Board, please apply to
W. C. ANDERSON,
sep29-tf Proprietor.

THE -:- DELMONICO
(Mons. E. Escalet, Prop.)
The only first-class Restaurant in Victoria.
Eastern Oysters received by every Steamer. Private rooms for ladies and family parties.
UNEQUALLED CUISINE.
Parties and Balls attended.
BOARD AT REASONABLE RATES.
Telephone No. 120. 109 Government st.
my7-1yr

The Esmond Hotel
Front and Morrison, Portland.
FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.
my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

A CARD.
HAVING assumed entire control of the business heretofore existing under the title of Hampson & Terry, I wish, on behalf of the old firm, to thank all those who favored us with a share of their patronage, and solicit a continuance of the same for the new firm.
Assuring all who call that the utmost will be done to give satisfaction.
feb4 C. L. TERRY.

J. SEHL,
Manufacturer of
FURNITURE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, Importer of
Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleum, Crockery, Lamps, Glassware, Cutlery, Platedware,
The Trade Supplied on Liberal Terms.
Also just received a fine selection of
Bisque and Parian Marble Statuary
And an endless variety of Vases and House Decorations.
J. SEHL.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. OLYMPIAN from Puget Sound.—F T Hubbell, B H Moran, Mrs Ashby, Thos Galloway, J K Barker, Mary Davie, Mrs Hastings, S G Morse, Jas Sandy, J Guich, D Stark, W Barry, J Cornwall, Jno Galloway, G C Avans, J F Boynton and wife, A H Whittier, W Levy, Jas Espey, H McCady, E L Erin, S Smith, W Manyan and wife, H Cooley, E B Webster, C E Mallette, Miss Hastings, J H Beecher, Thos Hicks, J J Henderson and wife, Jno Betrich, Mrs Goddard, M H Smith, W E Haywood, C Robinson, N E Blackney, Joe Coddell.

Per Steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—R Sanderson J Gunderson, Miss Dixon, St Clair Blackett, C Jones, Chas Germain, Jno McLellan, Hy Alexander, Mrs Germain, Geo W Daro, S Miller, O Germain, L H Wylds, J B Des Rouchers, J Des Rouchers, H McInae, O Clements, A G Fergusson, Fred G White, A Smith, Jano Germain, J A Allan, Hip Yui, Mrs Hamilton, W McEdward, W J McKay, Capt Ham, E B Dean, Mrs Fergusson, T Murphy, Miss Germain, F H Page, Robt Graham, Geo Woodstein, E S Peltrie, Jno Jones, G M Boyd, W C Lough, Mrs J D Wylds, Mr D Des Roucher, D Cook.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. ISLANDER from Vancouver.—National Electric Tramway Co, J Piercy & Co, D Spencer, Marchant & Fletcher, H Waller, Fell & Co, G Wing & Bro, T L Irving, Murhead & Mann, J W Flemming, Jno Weiler, H N Riet, J Calvert, Ames Holden & Co, C Strouss & Co, J H Baker, S Leiser, Van Volkenburgh, Johnson Loe & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Hudson Bay Co, R Maynard, Albion Iron Works, J J Hart, E G Prior, F Norris, Mrs E Frank, J R Robbins, Nichols & Renouf.

Per Steamer OLYMPIAN, from the Sound—Lenz & Leiser, J & A Clearihue, W C Pherson & T, H Wamsell, McLennan & McF, Jno Weiler, Gilmore & McC.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by April 25th, N. POINTER, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad.

CLEARANCE SALE.

We will offer for sixty days:

$45.00 Suits for		$38.00
$40.00 "	"	$33.00
$30.00 "	"	$22.00
$15.00 Pants "	"	$12.00
$12.00 "	"	$ 8.00
$10.00 "	"	$ 6.00
$ 9.00 "	"	$ 5.00

H. A. POTTS & Co.
Opposite Clarence Hotel, Douglas street.

No greater slaughter is recorded in history than the slaughter of millinery goods at the Lansdowne House, Yates street. *

Have you seen the 12½ cent dress stuff at Partridge's Lansdowne's House, Yates street. *

A few hundred copies of the early issues of the Sea Side nad Franklin Square libraries, at $1.00 per dozen. T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

New Novels.

Speaking of Ellen, by Albert Ross.
Crucify Her.
Topsy Turvy—Jules Verne.
Luck in Disguise.
The Phœnix—Milton Nobbs.
An Ocean Tragedy—Clark Russell.
At T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

A Fashionable

Visiting card should be engraved at THE COLONIST office. Cost very little more than printed from type.

Fashionable dress-maker. Just what was wanted, is the constant expression of all those who have had their dresses made by Miss Donnelly, at the Lansdowne House, Yates street. *

1847 Genuine Rogers Bros'. Spoons, Old English pattern, at Davidson Bros., Jewellers, Yates Street. *

A few bound copies of Chambers' Journal for 1889. Price, $1.25 per vol. T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

Remarkable Cure of an Ulcer.

SIRS,—Two years ago I had an ulcer on my ankle. Knowing Burdock Blood Bitters to be a good purifier, I got a bottle and a box of Burdock Healing Ointment, and after using three bottles and three boxes I was completely cured, and recommend B. B. B. everywhere.
MRS. W. V. BOYD, Brantford, Ont.

Consumption Can be Cured.

By proper, healthful exercise, and the judicious use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites, which contains the healing and strength-giving virtues of these two valuable specifics in their fullest form. Dr. D. D. McDonald, Petitcodiac, N. B., says: "I have been prescribing Scott's Emulsion with good results. It is especially useful in persons of consumptive tendencies." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Three more cases of fine bird cages at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates St. *
Call to-day for Canmore—Only 190 lots. *
Canmore Lots—Crane, McGregor & Co.
The "ENDLESS WEAR" knit hose for boys at the CITY HOUSE. tf
Monogram and visiting cards engraved at the THE COLONIST office.
Stationery at Daley's, 91 Douglas St. *
Stoves, tinware and house furnishing goods at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.
The excavation is being made for H. Saunders' building on Johnson street. Elford & Smith have the contract.
For Sheffield razors, pocket knives, scissors, table cutlery, etc., go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street.
The only Canmore Lots on the market. *
To keep the house warm use the Champion Weather Strip, for sale by J. P. Burgess, No. 10 Broughton street. *
CHILDRENS' EXTRA STRONG RIBBED CASHMERE HOSE, Spliced knees, knee caps ankles and feet, at the CITY HOUSE. tf
Advertising does pay and send your orders for coal to Central Coal office, 90 Government street. Telephone call, No. 171. A. HEATHORN. *
The gentleman of the R. E. Church will on Tuesday evening give a first-class conversazione in the school room. A fine programme is arranged and a big attendance is anticipated.
A fine lot of all kinds of brushes, dusters, whisks, brooms, mops, etc., at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.
Those of our benevolent citizens who intend contributing pound cake to the Salvation Army banquet on Monday should use the patent cake pans for sale at R. H. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.
If you are intending going East, make a note of the C. P. R. excursions and specially fitted colonist sleepers. First-class travel at second-class rates. Robt. Irving, agent. tf
Several Chinese merchants have been summoned to appear in the police court to answer to the charge of leaving cellar hatches open.
The finest line of perfumes, toilet sets and fancy soaps, etc., is to be had at John Teague, jr.'s drug store, Poodle Dog block, Yates street. Prescriptions carefully compounded at any hour of the day or night. Telephone call 163.
Silcott, the defaulting cashier of the U. S. house of representatives is said to be somewhere on the Sound or in British Columbia.
Take your misfitting suits to the "Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment," there they can be made to fit you at a small cost. Jno. T. Pierre, prop., 96 Yates street.
All who intend being present at the Salvation Army wedding to-night should take with them suitable wedding presents. Both useful and ornamental can be had at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.
The advance sheets of Mr. Robert McManus' Pictorial Guide and Handbook of British Columbia have been issued. Judging from the contents, the Guide should find a ready sale with tourists, as it is something that has long been needed in this respect. Figures and statistical returns have been avoided, and the pamphlet is written in a bright and attractive style.
The cable reports the re-opening of the Prussian diet, but omits the interesting fact that the Prussian diet now includes horse, owing to the high price of beef and mutton—and the demand for Enterprise meat choppers still continues at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street.
CUTTING prices on furniture seems to be the order of the day. Not wishing to be outdone by anybody, JACOB SEHL has decided to enter the cutting field and cut down prices 10 per cent. lower than any other firm, on the largest and best assorted stock in the province, of furniture, carpets, linoleum, matting, window blinds, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc. Call and convince yourself at Nos. 66 and 68 Government street. *

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Ye Old Folk's Concerte.

On Tuesday next, Mr. Nash, one of Victoria's finest violin players, has kindly consented to favor the audience with a couple of solos. All lovers of good music should hear him.

Billing and Cooing.

If the married people of this city would have more cooing and less billing in the house, let them try buying their goods for cash at Russell, McDonald & Co., universal supply stores, 134 Douglas street.

Naval.

H. M. S. Swiftsure sailed from San Francisco last Sunday morning. She will call at Acapulco, Panama, and Coquimbo, remaining at the latter port till the arrival of H. M. S. Warspite, the new flagship for the Pacific station.

Speedy Trials.

Eli Levy, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, was remanded until Monday upon the application of Mr. Helmcken, who appeared for him.

Frank Connelly and Nisha Nota were both remanded for one week.

Not Dead.

Indian Officer James returned yesterday from Saanich, where he had been sent to investigate the case of the Indian who it was reported died in his saddle. He says the Siwash is not dead, but when picked up he was unconscious, and is now recovering.

Travelers.

The following will be passengers for San Francisco by the City of Puebla, which sails to-day: L. Davenport and wife, A. G. Ferguson, J. F. Hawkes, Geo. McAuliffe, E. A. Wadhams, Mrs. McGill and Mrs. Godwin and two children.

Sacred Music.

The 4 o'clock service at the Young Men's Christian Association this afternoon will be under the direction of Mr. J. G. Brown, assisted by the choir of the First Presbyterian Church. The service will consist of anthems, gospel hymns, and congregational singing. All men in the city are invited.

The Electric Railway.

The cars of the National Electric Street Railway will run over the entire route to-day, starting at 9 a. m., and running every half-hour during the day and evening till a late hour. It is estimated that between 4,000 and 5,000 people enjoyed the novelty of a trip on the electric railway yesterday.

Salvation Wedding.

Last evening the members of the Salvation Army were in a flutter of excitement over the wedding which was celebrated at their barracks, Fort street. The contracting parties were Mr. Jas Keefe and Miss Clare Gimber, both members of the Salvation Army. Rev. J. E. Starr tied the knot making the happy couple husband and wife.

A Tramway Sale.

E. M. Johnson took a free ride yesterday with a couple of gentlemen, and while waiting at the tramway terminus stepped over to Oak Bay avenue, where an acre lot was shown them. Seeing its desirable location, they purchased it at once at a handsome advance. It is not stated whether E. M. will "divy" the commission with the tramway company.

Trial Trip.

The steamer Amelia, which was refitted at the Albion Iron Works, went down to Esquimalt yesterday afternoon on her trial trip, a number of invited guests being on board. Capt. G. Cavin, of the Rainbow, and Engineer Kettle took charge, under whose care the staunch steamer worked without a hitch, making about ten miles an hour. It is stated that as soon as arrangements have been perfected the Amelia will go on her old route.

Due Precautions.

Ald. Goodacre, chairman of the Park Committee, told a COLONIST reporter yesterday that every precaution would be taken to protect the lives of skaters at Beacon Hill Park ponds, in the manner suggested in yesterday's COLONIST. It was not the committe's fault that the accident of Friday occurred, as the danger spot had been marked with a bush heap and danger sign, which were, however, removed by the skaters.

Filters in the Schools.

We are requested by the secretary of the school board to state that the writer in yesterday's Times is in error when he complains of the absence of water filters in the public schools. All the water in the high school and in the boys' and girls' departments of the Central School passes through a general filter specially imported from Toronto for the purpose. Ordinary filters are also supplied to the ward schools.

State Dinner.

The first state dinner of the session was given at Government House on Friday evening, His Honor the Lieut.-Governor entertaining the following guests: Sir M. B. Begbie, C. J., Hon. Justice Walkem, Hon. Justice Drake, Hon. John Robson, Hon. C. E. Pooley, Hon. F. G. Vernon, Hon. T. Davie, Mr. Speaker Higgins, Capt. E. Gray Hulton, Commander Pollard, Major Peters, Major Nicholles, Lt. Story, R. N., Dr. Matthews, Capt. Benson, Dr. Duncan, Capt. Ogilvie, Lt. Busstall, Mr. Geo. McAuliff and Mr. Herbert Stanton.

Steves' Seed Annual.

There has just been issued from THE COLONIST job room the annual seed catalogue of W. H. Steves, of Steveston, B. C. The catalogue comprises 32 pages, with cover, profusely illustrated with cuts of the various vegetable and flower seeds. The book is bound in a handsome cover. Accompanying it is a map of the thriving town of Steveston, on Lulu Island, Fraser River. The work is an evidence of the energy and enterprise of the publisher, who will no doubt have a generous sale of his seeds, the high quality of which are well known throughout the province.

Shawnigan Sawmill.

Losee & Morrison, the firm which intend to erect a sawmill on Shawnigan Lake, yesterday completed arrangements for the purchase of the machinery for a mill having a capacity of 40,000 feet daily. The mill will be placed about one-half mile south of the hotel, at the track side, a very convenient point for receiving the logs and shipping lumber. The firm have extensive timber limits in the neighborhood, including some white pine and cedar. The plant will include machinery for manufacturing all kinds of dressed lumber. Both members of the firm are practical sawmill men, and will undoubtedly work up a large trade. A yard is to be established in Victoria.

Reformed Episcopal Sunday School.

On Friday evening the annual treat was given to the scholars and the children of the Protestant Orphans' Home in the R. E. school house. After an abundant supply of tea and cakes, etc., several hours were spent in varied exercises and amusements to the satisfaction of all concerned. Each scholar before leaving, at about nine o'clock, received some gift to keep them in remembrance of the pleasant evening. After tea a number of parents and friends came in, and seemed to enjoy themselves quite as much as the children. The only drawback felt was that though this entertainment had been put off several weeks on account of sickness among the teachers and scholars, a number were, after all, unable to be present; otherwise all passed most satisfactorily.

A Meeting of Sportsmen.

All persons who take an interest in the preservation of game in the vicinity of Victoria are requested to meet at the King's Head Saloon, Johnson street, on Tuesday evening next, to take into consideration the proposed amendments to the present game laws, and also to form a gun club.

Freight and Trade.

The steamer Olympian last evening brought as freight 86 cases of eggs, a carload of crackers and a carload miscellaneous freight.

The Queen of the Pacific brought 140 tons of freight for this city.

One car of sugar and two of merchandise came down by the Islander last night.

The "Strange Story."

The story concerning the schooner Venture was reported to the police on Friday, and THE COLONIST reporter gleaned his information from that source. The sailor who related the affair was sober at the time, and the police believed the story. There was no effort to exaggerate or distort the tale for sensational purposes. Capt. Urquhart, in a letter to the Times, denies the matter in toto.

City Police Court.

F. Wallenstein, charged with assaulting D. Gibb, was remanded until Monday, the defendant not appearing.

Mary, an Indian, was charged with being drunk and screaming on the streets. She was sent to jail for one month, not having any means to pay her fine.

Armond Koshiwara, a Jap, pleaded guilty to being drunk, and was fined $5.

T. Lubbe, charged with an infraction of the fire by-law, was also remanded until Monday. Mr. Luxton, of Hon. C. E. Pooley's office, appeared for the defense, but His Honor would not let him plead, as the defendant was not present.

Real Estate Sales.

Dalby & Ballantyne's sales during the past week amounted to $39,530, viz: $32,000 for the Janion property, and $7,530 for various other properties.

The following are the transfers of Bourchier, Croft & Mallette's office for the week: Mr. John Hepburn, 10 acres, Cadboro Bay road, facing Royal Jubilee Hospital, $13,500; Mr. P. Hickey, 45 acres, section 12, Clallam county, Port Angeles, $13,500; Mrs. Fanny Bulman, lots 6 and 7, block K, E. Crow Baker's addition to Port Angeles; Geo. Chadwick, lot 16, Esquimalt road, $450; G. F. Bollinger, Santa Clara, California, 40 acres in sec. 14 S. W. ¼ of the S. E. ¼ Clallam county, Wash., $4,000. W. Norcott, lot 11, Croft street, James Bay, $750; Lewis Levy, 10, 11 and 12 syndicate addition, Port Angeles, $425. Total, $32,325. Lots 72, 73, 74, James A. Hery, $1,100.

The North Arm Bridges.

The break in the North Arm bridge, caused by the ice in December last, is to be repaired immediately by the San Francisco Bridge Co., the original contractors. That the work will be made complete and thoroughly substantial this time is guaranteed by the fact that Mr. Balfour, superintendent of Canadian Pacific Railway bridges, will oversee the re-construction. Mr. Balfour has the reputation of being one of the best bridge builders on the continent, and his position on the C.P.R. bears this out. On being requested to superintend the job Mr. Balfour accepted it only on the condition that he should have supreme control of the work, etc., from beginning to end. This was readily agreed to, and the work will be commenced under his direction as soon as the weather will permit.—Columbian.

The Keene Dramatic Company.

Miss Caroline Gage, supported by the Keene Theatrical Company, will open a three-night's engagement at The Victoria on Monday evening, with the "Galley Slave." This popular troupe was advertised to appear here Feb. 17th, but Mr. Mark Drumm, the business manager, kindly consented to postpone his dates until the 24th in order that the people of Victoria might enjoy a season of opera. Referring to Miss Caroline Gage, the leading lady, the Chicago Times says: "She is of charming presence and gifted by nature with rare talent. She is most undoubtedly in the foremost ranks of the artistic world. There are few, if any, who have all the advantages which Miss Gage possesses. Her manner is natural, and the absence of stage conventionality is not the least charm of her personations. Her action is free and graceful, and she possesses a depth of sentiment and passionate energy which gives a vivid reality to every motion. At times she has also vivacity and archness, and all the buoyant and electric spirit of glowing genius." Seats are on sale at Waitt's book store.

PRELIMINARY MEETING

To Consider the Question of a Reception to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.

There were about thirty citizens present at the public meeting held last evening to consider arrangements for a reception to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.

Mayor Grant was voted to the chair, and briefly explained the object of the meeting. As the Prince was expected to arrive on or about the 24th of May, any celebration that might be decided upon would do double service. He hoped that a fitting reception would be tendered His Royal Highness.

On motion, Mr. W. J. Dowler was appointed secretary of the meeting.

Hon. J. H. Turner thought that as there was only a small attendance, it would not be advisable to map out any programme. He was of opinion that all would agree that some worthy reception should be tendered the Duke of Connaught, especially as he came at so opportune a time; and he advised that His Royal Highness be communicated with, informed that a reception would be tendered him and asked to accept, and inform the people of Victoria when they might expect him. He (Hon. Mr. Turner) hoped to see a demonstration worthy of Victoria decided upon, and would lend all the assistance in his power. He felt considerable surprise at the laxity of interest in matters of this kind manifested by owners of real estate, as nothing so well advertised the city in an attractive manner as demonstrations of this nature.

Ald. Robertson favored an adjournment until a more representative attendance could be obtained.

Mr. J. W. Carey advised that the Mayor be instructed to telegraph the Duke of Connaught, asking if he would accept a reception.

Sheriff McMillan coincided in Mr. Carey's remarks.

On motion, it was left with the Mayor to ascertain how long the Prince would remain in the city and if he would accept the hospitality of Victoria.

The meeting then adjourned, after passing a vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL

Special Lent Courses of Sermons and Lectures.

During the season of Lent the following courses of sermons and lectures will be delivered:

Sunday mornings—Christian Evidences, by the Bishop of the Diocese.
Sunday evenings—Bible Difficulties, by the Rev. A. Beanlands.
Tuesday evenings—The Reformation, by the Rev. H. Kingham.
Thursday afternoons—The Lord's Prayer, (for children) by the Ven. the Archdeacon.
Friday evenings—The Soul's Exodus, by various preachers.

Enquire for Fernwood lots near the tramway line, adjoining Col. Dupont's residence.

OPEN FOR TRAFFIC.

The Street Service Formally Placed in Operation—An Important Event.

Yesterday witnessed the celebration of two very important events; the one fraught with the greatest importance to the American people, the other marking a new epoch in the progressive history of Victoria. The first, the anniversary of Washington's birth, was quietly observed by all good Americans; the second, the official opening of the street car system, filled all the streets along the line with interested and enthusiastic men, women and children, and was made a day of general civic rejoicing.

Pursuant to invitations issued, about two hundred prominent gentlemen gathered at the power house, Rock Bay bridge, at 1:30 p. m., where they were cordially received by the president of the street railway, Hon. D. W. Higgins, and the other officers of the road, who escorted their guests through the engine and car rooms, etc., and explained the, in some respects, mysterious workings of the system.

Champagne was next opened, and all present drank to the success of the road so auspiciously inaugurated. Then Mr. Edward Allen, M. P. P. for Lillooet, suggested that it would certainly be in order to sing "God Save the Queen," and the suggestion, with smiles and laughter, was carried out with a vim, the member for Lillooet leading the choir.

At about 2 o'clock, cars Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, which were waiting on the bridge, were boarded by the company, and all prepared themselves for the excursion over the line. His Honor, the Lieut.-Governor, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Herbert Stanton, Premier Robson, Mayor Grant and the Cty Council, members of the Provincial Cabinet and Legislature, the Bench of British Columbia, and many of Victoria's business and professional men composed the party, and when all were seated, His Honor advanced to the front platform of car No. 1 and, bowing to the citizens who thronged the roadway, and sidewalks, he said: Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen. It is with great pleasure that I have accepted the invitation to start this car and formally declare this line open. The completion of this road, in my mind, marks a new era in the progress of Victoria and, judging by the rapid strides with which the city has advanced of late, it is safe to anticipate that the undertaking will be a firally successful one to the promoters. I sincerely hope that our best anticipations will be fully realized.

President Higgins, on behalf of the company, briefly thanked His Honor for his kindly expressed good wishes and assured him that nothing would be left undone by the company to provide the public with a safe and satisfactory service, and the Lieut.-Governor then called for three cheers for the new road, which were given with a will. He then turned the motor lever and the wheels of car No. 1 began to revolve fast and faster as it passed down Store street, followed by its three companions, at a speed of about ten miles an hour.

Along the line many citizens had decorated their places of business and stood smiling at their doors as the procession passed; while one Johnson street humorist proudly displayed an ancient oil painting of some venerable statesman, which he had duly labelled as "McGinty, the founder of street cars."

Mr. Henry Saunders displayed a huge banner on which was inscribed "Success to the Tramway and President Higgins."

The run to the outer wharf was made in eleven minutes, cars were changed, and seventeen minutes later the cars were at the fountain at the junction of Government and Douglas streets, the full speed being shown on the Douglas street grade. From the Fountain to the Jubilee hospital, the terminus of the Fort street route, was made in about 20 minutes; and the excursionists then returned to the power house, where they dispersed, after wishing the road long continued prosperity. During the remainder of the day the cars made regular trips, being crowded with passengers, and the conductors had their hands full of business. In the evening they were brilliantly illuminated, and filled with passengers, dashed through the streets in busy, metropolitan style; the admiration of all lovers of enterprise, convenience and progress.

IN FIFTY-NINE DAYS.

A Young Lady of Port Townsend to Beat Citizen Train's Time Around the World.

The Morning Leader of Port Townsend, Washington, backed by the citizens of that place, will send a young lady around the world to beat Citizen Geo. Francis Train and all previous records. The young lady chosen is Miss Regina Rothschild. She will leave Vancouver for New York on the same day that the eminent crank sails from there by the boat of March 17th. The Canadian Pacific will provide for her a special train. At New York she will embark in the steamer La Champagne for Havre, proceeding thence by rail to Brindisi, and thence by boat to Hong Kong, where the Canadian Pacific steamship will be held two days if necessary to make connections. She will then proceed to Cape Flattery, where she will be met by a tug and brought to Port Townsend. The schedule of this route is fifty-nine days. Miss Rothschild is an attractive young lady, born and reared in Port Townsend, and well known in social circles there.

1847 Genuine Rogers Bros'. Knives, Old English pattern at Davidson Bros., Jewellers, Yates Street. *

Across the Continent.

In thousands of households all over Canada the merits of Yellow Oil, the great family medicine, are well known. It is esteemed as one of the best cures for rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sore throat, croup, quinsy, sprains, bruises, burns and all pain. Used externally or internally.

Beautiful effects in "Lignomur" and artistic paper hangings at John Weiler's, also largest stock of furniture, etc., in the province.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y

DRY GOODS.

J. HUTCHESON AND CO.

Importing Retailers,

WESTSIDE VICTORIA.

Remnants! Remnants! Remnants!

We have just finished stock-taking, and have overhauled our stock, turning out all short lengths and remnants, and marking them at prices to sell.

DRESS REMNANTS

—IN—

Cashmere, Amazon, Cloth and Henriettas, Etc., Etc.

Remnants in other Departments are equally reduced.

—THIS—

GREAT

REMNANTS

SALE!

Will continue for one week only.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE.

Government Street.

Executors Sale

TENDERS WANTED.

624 49/100 ACRES OF LAND, known as the McTavish Farm, with 6-room house, water laid on; splendid orchard in full bearing, 150 acres more or less cultivated land. Large area of Alder bottom, first class oak, cedar and fir timber,

Beautiful Beach and Sheltered Bay,

and long and deep water front on the Saanich Inlet.

The above described property, one of the finest and most promising on Vancouver Island, is offered **for Sale by Tender** until the 28th day of February, prox.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, from whom fuller particulars may be obtained, and the owners do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

E. M. JOHNSON,
Real Estate Agent,
P. O. Box 188, Victoria, B.C.
Office—No. 80 Government St. jy28

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE,
—AT—
Somerset House, - - Fort Street.

LOST.

SMALL Brown Leather Shoulder Bag, with parcel enclosed.—Reward at New England Bakery, Government street. feb14-3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANACORTES!

SHIP ∴ HARBOUR.

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS LOTS

Near the Water Front for sale at prices from $1,100 upwards.

Lots in the Pleasant Slope Addition for sale at $300 to $350.

H. E. CROASDAILE,
42 FORT STREET.
feb1-1m

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

Capital, ... $5,824,000.
Total Funds, ... $7,879,761.

Insurances Effected on all Classes of Property at Current Rates.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
H. E. CROASDAILE,
Agent for Vancouver Island.
Office—42 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C. fy1-6m

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

Having purchased the Stock of NELSON & CO., Vancouver, at a Discount of 40 PER CENT. FOR CASH, we shall commence selling it off

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 30.

THE STOCK IS QUITE NEW.

The Store having been opened but a few weeks, and was personally selected in London for commencing business in Vancouver. It embraces

Fur Lined Wraps, Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, Tea Gowns, Waterproof Cloaks, Cotton Underclothing

Ladies' and Children's Merino and Wool Vests, Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Real Lace Sets, Ties, Scarfs, Collars.

200 pairs Lace Curtains, and 150 dozen Towels. The whole must be sold at once. Store will be Closed on Wednesday to Mark the Goods.

D. SPENCER, PROPRIETOR,

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

Have now a complete stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., for Winter wear.

A large assortment of CHRISTY'S Hats in the new styles, Mackintoshes and Umbrellas.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

Victoria Business and Residential Lots a Specialty.

Farming, Timber and Coal Lands.

AGENCIES:---Montreal, New York, and London, England.

OFFICE: 30 BROAD ST.
Open Every Evening from 7.30 to 9 O'Clock.
jan16-3mo

WM. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE

DALBY & BALLENTYNE,

64 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Real Estate and Insurance Brokers.

REAL ESTATE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

REPRESENT THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S.
The British Columbia Fire Insurance Company.
The City of London, Eng., Fire Insurance Company.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
feb 2 tf

F. G. RICHARDS, JR.

Real Estate and Financial Agent,

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, ETC.

Agent for Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Companies. Maps and Plans Prepared. Money to Loan. Mining and Timber Lands for Sale. Surveys Taken. Farming Lands, Residence and Business Properties for Sale.

P. O. Box 147. 51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. TELEPHONE No. 176.
mar16l

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

All persons claiming exemption from Jury duty are requested to send in their names and the reason for claiming such exemption to

JAMES C. PREVOST,
Reg. Supreme Court,
Law Courts, Victoria.
Victoria, Jan. 31, 1890. fy1-

AUCTION SALE

I am Instructed to sell by Public Auction at the

SALESROOM, STORE ST.,
—ON—
Tuesday next, the 25th inst.,
At 11 A. M.,
A Quantity of Chinese Wine.

W. R. CLARKE,
fy19. Auctioneer.

LADIES!

I am offering until further notice my entire stock of

Dry Goods at Cost

Prices on some of the leading lines given below.

SHAWLS.

From 50c. to $1.00. This lot of shawls compose part of a line of samples that were purchased at manufacturers prices and are excellent bargains.

JERSEYS.

That sold from 75c to $3.50 now selling at from 50c. to $2.50. A splendid assortment.

DRESS GOODS.

A few very nice Dress patterns in jackards and bordered goods.
42 in. Atlantic plaids and stripes, 52½c.
42 in. Plain Serges, three qualities, from 50c. to 65c.
46 in. Henriettas, colors 1st quality, 65c. to 70c.
46 in. Henriettas, colors 2nd quality, 49c.
42 in. Cashmeres, colors, 43c.
42 in. Cashmeres, union colors, 23c.
46 in. Amazon Cloth, excellent quality sold at $1.15, now 99c.
42 in. Imitation Amazon, 60c.
Single width Woolens from 16c.
Single width Cotton Mixture from 10c.
46 in. Black Cashmeres or Henriettas, ranging from 43c. to 95c. An excellent opportunity to get a good black dress for little money.

SILKS.

A few splendid dress ends in Black, Peau De Soe, Merv, etc., ranging from 57½c. to $1.35. These are rare bargains.
Liberty, Pongees and Merveilleux, in colors. A small quantity left.

ART PLUSHES.

From $1 to $3 per yard.

SUNDRIES.

Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Umbrellas, Gossamers, etc., etc.

ALL AT COST.

C. L. TERRY,

Cash Dry Goods,

COR. BROAD AND YATES STS.
sep14-1yr-dw

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that L. Mongkow has been appointed manager for the firm Fook, Yuen & Co. of this city, and he will transact business for the said firm.
FOOK, YUEN & CO.
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 18, 1890. fy19

HOMŒOPATHIC REMOVAL.

DR. J. HALL WILL LEAVE HIS rooms on Pandora street on Monday, Dec. 2, for the new brick block, corner of Yates and Douglas, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p. m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov17-tf

FOR SALE.

A PLEASURE BOAT 14 FEET KEEL. Good order. Oars, rowlocks and rudder. Apply to freight shed E & N. Ry. feb22-1w

THE CHAMPION WEATHER STRIP

For excluding draughts from doors and windows. Sold and fitted up by

J. P. BURGESS, Carpenter,
10 BROUGHTON STREET. nov2

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.
ap27

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

10th February, 1890.

JOHN C. HAYES, of Golden, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the County of Kootenay.

11th February, 1890.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, of Tatla Lake, Chilcotin, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace with jurisdiction over that part of the Province known as the Coast District, as also over those portions of the Electoral district of Lillooet and Cariboo lying to the west of the Fraser River.

20th February, 1890.

GEORGE FOWLER BODINGTON, of Matsqui, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the County of Westminster, Province of British Columbia. fy22

RAGS WANTED.

FIVE CENTS per pound will be paid for clean cotton rags, delivered in press room of COLONIST office.